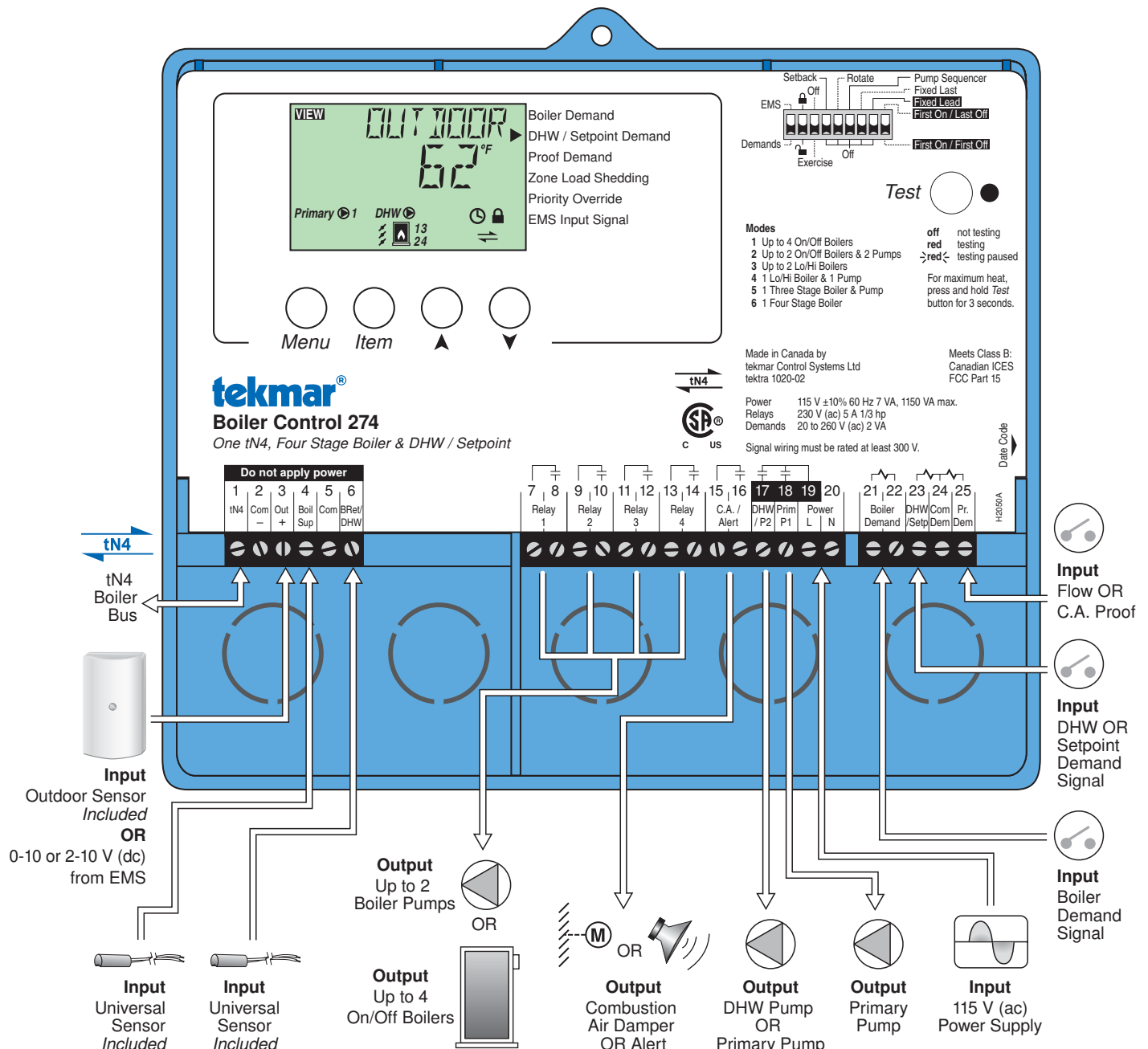


The Boiler Control 274 operates up to four on/off boilers to provide outdoor reset operation, domestic hot water and setpoint operation with priority. When operating as a tN4 System Control, the 274 can connect with up to 24 tN4 devices on a single boiler bus. The 274 has primary pump sequencing capabilities along with a flow proof or combustion air damper proof demand.

Additional functions include:

- tN4 Compatible
- 24 Hour, 5-1-1, 7 Day Schedule
- Flow or Combustion Air Proof
- Four On/Off Boilers
- Equal Run Time Rotation
- Primary Pump Sequencing
- DHW Operation
- Optional DHW Sensor
- Setpoint Operation



How to Use the Data Brochure

This brochure is organized into three main sections.

- They are:
- 1) Sequence of Operation,
 - 2) Installation,
 - 3) Control Settings and
 - 4) Testing and Troubleshooting.

The Control Settings section of this brochure describes the various items that are adjusted and displayed by the control. The control functions of each adjustable item are described in the Sequence of Operation.

Table of Contents

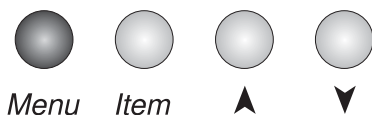
User Interface.....	2	Section M: tekmarNet®4 Communication	19
Display and Symbol Description.....	3	Installation	20
Access Level.....	4	Control Settings	25
Sequence of Operation.....	4	Cleaning the Control	25
Section A: Boiler Demand	4	DIP Switch Settings.....	25
Section B: Outdoor Reset.....	4	VIEW Menu	27
Section C: Boiler Operation.....	6	ADJUST Menu	29
Section D: Combustion Air and Alert Settings.....	8	TIME Menu.....	35
Section E: Domestic Hot Water Operation	9	SCHEDULE Menu.....	36
Section F: Setpoint Operation	13	MISC Menu	39
Section G: Energy Management System (EMS)....	15	Testing the Control.....	40
Section H: Pump Operation	16	Error Messages	41
Section I: Exercising.....	17	Technical Data	44
Section J: Time Clock	17	Limited Warranty	44
Section K: Setting the Schedule.....	18		
Section L: Boost	18		

User Interface

The control uses a Liquid Crystal Display (LCD) as the method of supplying information. You use the LCD in order to setup and monitor the operation of your system. The control has four push buttons (Menu, Item, ▲, ▼) for selecting and adjusting settings. As you program your control, record your settings in the ADJUST menu table, which is found in the second half of this brochure.

Menu

All of the items displayed by the control are organized into five menus (View, Adjust, Time, Schedule, and Misc). These menus are listed on the top left hand side of the display (Menu Field). To select a menu, use the Menu button. By pressing and releasing the Menu button, the display sequences between the five menus. Once a menu is selected, there will be a group of items that can be viewed within the menu.

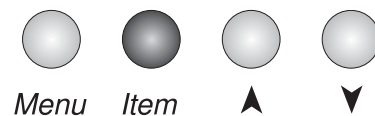


Item

The abbreviated name of the selected item will be displayed in the item field of the display. To view the next available item, press and release the Item button. Once you have reached the last available item in a menu, pressing and

releasing the Item button will return the display to the first item in the selected menu.

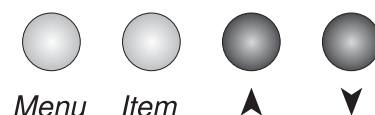
The items can be quickly scrolled through by holding the Item button and then pressing the ▼ button. To rapidly scroll through the items in the reverse order, hold the Item button and press the ▲ button.



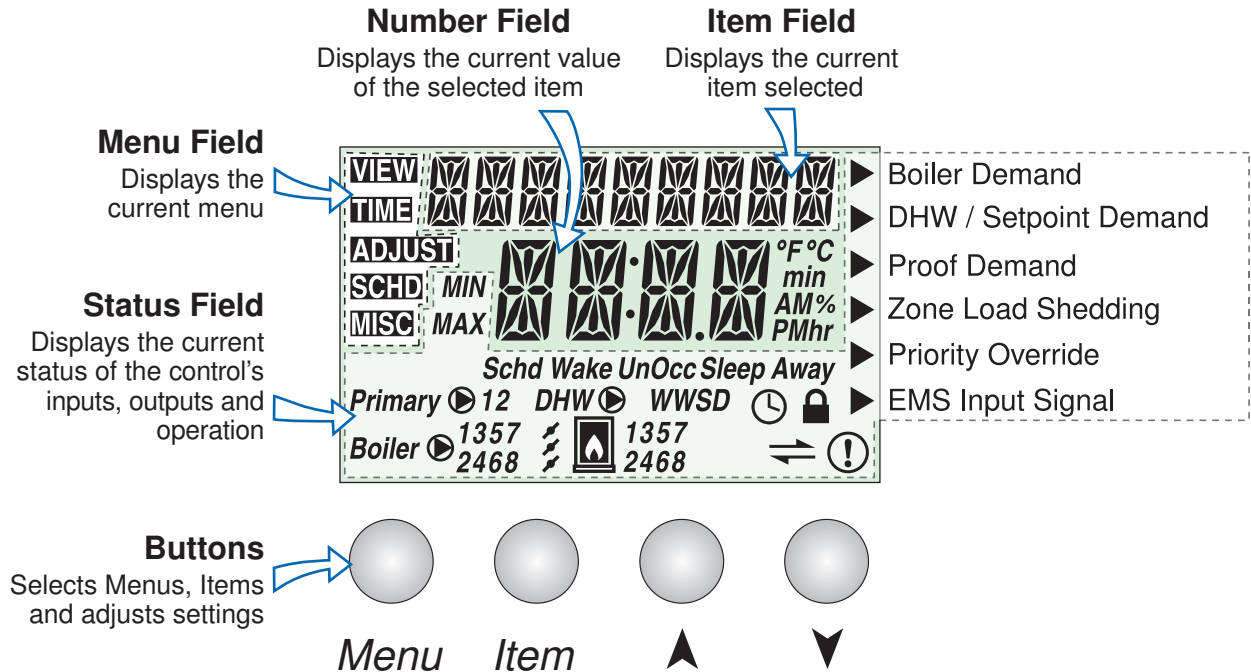
Adjust

To make an adjustment to a setting in the control, begin by selecting the ADJUST, TIME, SCHEDULE or MISC menu using the Menu button. Then select the desired item using the Item button. Finally, use the ▲, and / or ▼ button to make the adjustment.











Additional information can be gained by observing the Status field of the LCD. The status field will indicate which of the control's outputs are currently active. Most symbols in the status field are only visible when the VIEW menu is selected.



Display



Symbol Description

Primary  12	PRIMARY PUMP Displays when primary pump 1 or primary pump 2 is in operation	Boiler  13 24	BOILER PUMP Displays when the boiler pump 1, 2, 3, or 4 are operating
 13 24	BOILER Displays which boiler stage is operating		COMBUSTION AIR DAMPER Displays when the combustion air damper relay is closed
	LOCK Displays when adjusting Access level if Switch is set to lock.		SCHEDULE MASTER Displays when the 274 is a schedule master
	WARNING Displays when an error exists.	WWSD	WARM WEATHER SHUT DOWN Displays when the control is in warm weather shut down
	COMMUNICATION BUS Displays when tN4 thermostats are connected.	MIN MAX	MINIMUM & MAXIMUM Displays when the boil target or the boil supply is at a minimum or maximum
DHW 	DHW PUMP Displays when the DHW Pump is operating	Schd Wake UnOcc Sleep Away	Schd, Wake, UnOcc, Sleep, Away Displays the current event of a schedule or scene
°F °C min AM % PMhr	°F, °C, MINUTES, AM, %, PM, HOURS Units of measurement.		POINTER Displays the control operation as indicated by the text

Access Level

The access level restricts the number of Menus, Items, and Adjustments that can be accessed by the user. The Access Level setting is found in the Miscellaneous (MISC) Menu. Select the appropriate access level for the people who work with the control on a regular basis. There are three Access Level Settings:

- User (USER): Select this access level to limit the highest number of settings available to the end user.

- Installer (INST): Select this access level to limit some of the settings available to the installer. This is the factory default access level.
- Advanced (ADV): Select this access level to have complete access to all of the control settings. In the following menu tables, the appropriate access level needed to view each item is shown in the Access column.

Note: the Lock / Unlock switch on the front of the control must be set to unlock to change the access level.

Sequence of Operation

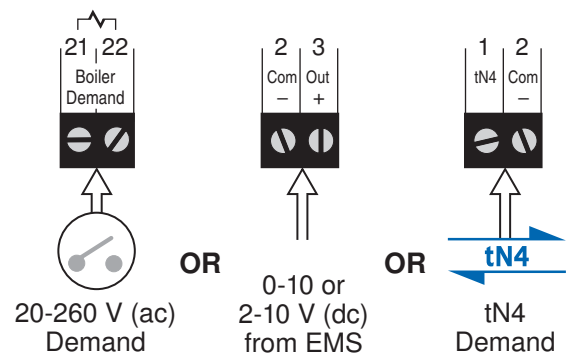
In order for the control to have a target water temperature there must be a demand. There are three different demands the control can have: boiler demand, DHW demand, and setpoint demand.

Boiler Demand

Section A

Once the control receives a boiler demand it calculates a target water temperature based on the characterized heating curve to provide outdoor reset for space heating. The control can receive a boiler demand three different ways:

1. By applying 20-260 V (ac) to the boiler demand terminals (21 & 22) when the DIP switch is set to Demands.
2. From an Energy Management System (EMS) by applying a 0-10 or 2-10 V (dc) signal to terminals 2 & 3 when the DIP switch is set to EMS.
3. From a tN4 device. This requires a tN4 thermostat to be wired to terminals 1 & 2 so that the call for heat can go over the communication bus.



Outdoor Reset

Section B

In a heating system, the rate of heat supplied to the building must equal the rate at which heat is lost. If the two rates are not equal, the building will either cool off or over heat.

The rate of building heat loss depends mostly on the outdoor temperature. Outdoor Reset allows a hot water heating system to increase the water temperature, adding heat to the building, as the outdoor temperature drops. The rate at which the water temperature is changed as a function of outdoor temperature is defined by the characterized heating curve.

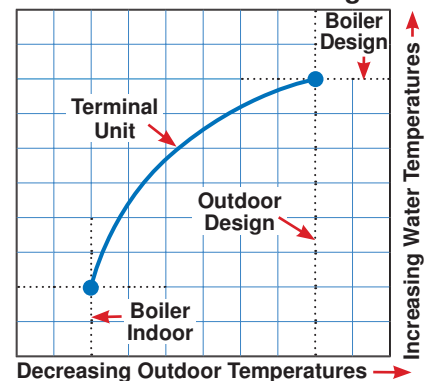
Characterized Heating Curve

A characterized heating curve determines the amount the target water temperature is raised for every 1° drop in outdoor air temperature.

The characterized heating curve takes into account the type of terminal unit that the system is using. Since different types of heating terminal units transfer heat to a space using

different proportions of radiation, convection and conduction, the supply water temperature must be controlled differently. The control uses the terminal unit setting to vary the supply water temperature to suit the terminal unit being used. This improves the control of the air temperature in the building.

Boiler Characterized Heating Curve

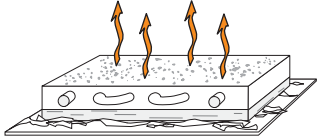


Terminal Unit Setting in Adjust Menu

Select the appropriate terminal unit in the adjust menu. This will change the shape of the characterized heating curve to better match the heat transfer properties of that specific terminal unit.

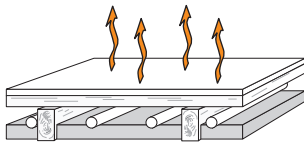
Hydronic Radiant Floor (HRF1)

A heavy or high mass, hydronic radiant floor system. This type of a hydronic radiant floor is embedded in either a thick concrete or gypsum pour. This heating system has a large thermal mass and is slow acting.



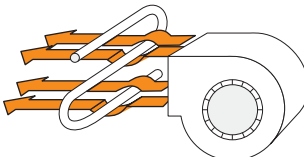
Hydronic Radiant Floor (HRF2)

A light or low mass, hydronic radiant floor system. Most commonly, this type of radiant heating system is attached to the bottom of a wood sub floor, suspended in the joist space, or sandwiched between the subfloor and the surface. This type of radiant system has a relatively low thermal mass and responds faster than a high mass system.



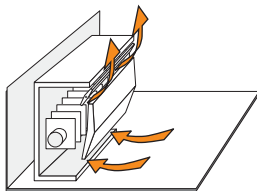
Fancoil (COIL)

A fancoil terminal unit or air handling unit (AHU) consisting of a hydronic heating coil and either a fan or blower. Air is forced across the coil at a constant velocity by the fan or blower and is then delivered into the building space.



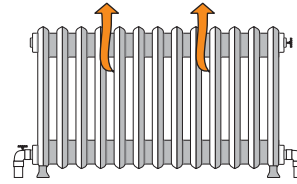
Fin-tube Convactor (CONV)

A convactor terminal unit is made up of a heating element with fins on it. This type of terminal unit relies on the natural convection of air across the heating element to deliver heated air into the space. The amount of natural convection is dependant on the supply water temperature to the heating element and the room air temperature.



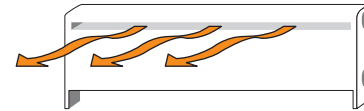
Radiator (RAD)

A radiator terminal unit has a large heated surface that is exposed to the room. A radiator provides heat to the room through radiant heat transfer and natural convection.



Baseboard (BASE)

A baseboard terminal unit is similar to a radiator, but has a low profile and is installed at the base of the wall. The proportion of heat transferred by radiation from a baseboard is greater than that from a fin-tube convactor.



Boiler Terminal Unit Defaults

When a terminal unit is selected for boiler zones, the control loads default values for the boiler design, boiler maximum supply, and boiler minimum supply temperatures. The factory defaults can be changed to better match the installed system. Locate the Boiler Terminal Unit setting in the Adjust menu.

Terminal Unit	BOIL DSGN	BOIL MAX	BOIL MIN
High Mass Radiant	120°F (49°C)	140°F (60°C)	OFF
Low Mass Radiant	140°F (60°C)	160°F (71°C)	OFF
Fancoil	190°F (88°C)	210°F (99°C)	140°F (60°C)
Fin-Tube Convactor	180°F (82°C)	200°F (93°C)	140°F (60°C)
Radiator	160°F (71°C)	180°F (82°C)	140°F (60°C)
Baseboard	150°F (76°C)	170°F (77°C)	140°F (60°C)

Room Setting in Adjust Menu

The Room setting is the desired room air temperature, but it is not measuring a room temperature sensor. Instead, the Room setting parallel shifts the heating curve up or down to change the target water temperature. Adjust the Room setting to increase or decrease the amount of heat available to the building. Once the heating curve has been set up properly, the Room setting is the only setting that needs to be adjusted. The default Room setting is 70°F (21°C), and it can be adjusted for both the occupied and unoccupied periods.

Outdoor Design Setting in Adjust Menu

The outdoor design temperature is typically the coldest outdoor air temperature of the year. This temperature is used when doing the heat loss calculations for the building and is used to size the heating system equipment. If a cold outdoor design temperature is selected, the supply water temperature rises gradually as the outdoor temperature drops. If a warm outdoor design temperature is selected, the supply water temperature rises rapidly as the outdoor temperature drops.

Boiler Indoor Setting in Adjust Menu

The boiler indoor design temperature is the indoor temperature the heating designer chose while calculating the heat loss for the boiler water heated zones. This temperature is typically 70°F (21.0°C). This setting establishes the beginning of the boiler characterized heating curve.

Boiler Design Setting in Adjust Menu

The boiler design supply temperature is the boiler water temperature required to heat the zones at the outdoor design temperature, or on the typical coldest day of the year.

(Default automatically changes based on terminal unit setting)

Warm Weather Shut Down (WWSD) Setting in Adjust Menu

Warm Weather Shut Down disables the heating system when the outdoor air temperature rises above this programmable setting. When the control enters into WWSD, the LCD will indicate this in the status field. WWSD is only available when the DIP switch = Demands. The boilers will operate when a Domestic Hot Water (DHW) demand or a Setpoint Demand is present.

Boiler Operation

Section C

The 274 is able to operate up to four on/off boilers as a heat source. For proper operation of the boilers, the 274 must be the only control that determines when a boiler is to fire.

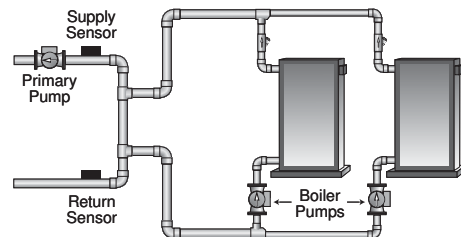
***Important note:** The boiler operator, or aquastat, remains in the burner circuit and acts as a secondary upper limit on the boiler temperature. The boiler aquastat temperature setting must be adjusted above the 274's boiler maximum setting in order to prevent short cycling of the burner.

Mode

The 274 control is capable of staging single stage, two stage, three stage and four stage on/off heat sources. As well, in certain modes of operation, the control is capable of controlling the individual boiler pumps. The control has 6 modes of operation based on the type of staging and pump operation that is desired. The following describes the modes of operation.

- Mode 1:** 4 Single stage boilers and primary pump.
- Mode 2:** 2 Single stage boilers with individual boiler pumps and primary pump.
- Mode 3:** 2 Two stage boilers and a primary pump.
- Mode 4:** 1 Two stage boiler and individual pump.
- Mode 5:** 1 Three stage boiler and individual pump.
- Mode 6:** 1 Four stage boiler and primary pump.

	Relay 1	Relay 2	Relay3	Relay 4
Mode 1	Boiler 1	Boiler 2	Boiler 3	Boiler 4
Mode 2	Boiler 1	Boiler 1 Pump	Boiler 2	Boiler 2 Pump
Mode 3	Boiler 1 Stage 1	Boiler 1 Stage 2	Boiler 2 Stage 1	Boiler 2 Stage 2
Mode 4	Boiler 1 Stage 1	Boiler 1 Stage 2	Boiler 1 Pump	not used
Mode 5	Boiler 1 Stage 1	Boiler 1 Stage 2	Boiler 1 Stage 3	Boiler 1 Pump
Mode 6	Boiler 1 Stage 1	Boiler 1 Stage 2	Boiler 1 Stage 3	Boiler 1 Stage 4

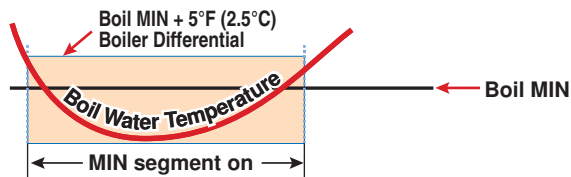


Boiler Target Temperature

The boiler target temperature is determined by connected tN4 devices or by a Boiler, DHW or Setpoint demand received by the control. An Energy Management System (EMS) can also give a boiler target. The tN4 devices determine the highest water temperature required and then request this temperature on the tN4 boiler bus. The temperature request creates a Boiler Demand and this is indicated on the display. A DHW demand and a Setpoint demand have temperature settings to which the boilers are operated to meet and are able to override the tN4 bus temperature if required. The control displays the temperature that it is currently trying to maintain as the boiler supply temperature in the View menu. If the control does not presently have a requirement for heat, it does not show a boiler target temperature. Instead, “— — —” is displayed in the LCD.

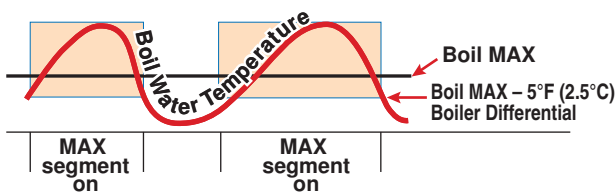
Boiler Minimum Setting in Adjust Menu

The boiler minimum is the lowest temperature that the control is allowed to use as a boiler target temperature. During mild conditions, if the control calculates a boiler target temperature that is below the boiler minimum setting, the boiler target temperature is adjusted to at least the boiler minimum setting. The MIN segment is displayed in the LCD while viewing the boiler supply or target and when the boiler target is boiler minimum and the boiler supply is less than boiler minimum plus 5°F (2.5°C). Set the Boiler Minimum setting to the boiler manufacturer's recommended temperature.



Boiler Maximum Setting in Adjust Menu

The boiler maximum is the highest temperature that the control is allowed to use as a boiler target temperature. The MAX segment is displayed in the LCD while viewing the boiler supply or target and when the boiler target is boiler maximum and the boiler supply is greater than boiler maximum minus 5°F (2.5°C). Set the boiler maximum setting to the boiler manufacturer's recommended temperature. At no time does the control operate the boiler above 248°F (120°C).



Stage Delay Setting in Adjust Menu

The Stage Delay is the minimum time delay between the firing of each stage. After this delay has expired the control can fire the next stage if it is required. This setting can be adjusted manually or set to an automatic setting. When the automatic setting is used, the control determines the best stage delay based on the operation of the system.

Boiler Mass Setting in Adjust Menu (per boiler)

Match the boiler mass setting with the thermal mass characteristics of each boiler. The boiler mass settings also adjusts the inter-stage delay time when operating with an automatic differential.

LO

The LO setting is selected if the boiler that is used has a low thermal mass. This means that the boiler has very small water content and has very little metal in the heat exchanger. A boiler that has a low thermal mass comes up to temperature quite rapidly when fired. This is typical of many copper fin-tube boilers.

The Lo mass setting provides a fast response to the heating system.

MED

The MED setting is selected if the boiler that is used has a medium thermal mass. This means that the boiler either has a large water content and a low metal content or a low water content and a high metal content. This is typical of many modern residential cast iron boilers or steel tube boilers.

The Med mass setting provides a moderate response to the heating system.

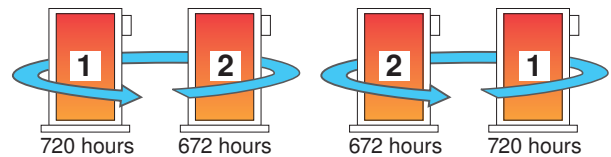
HI

The HI setting is selected if the boiler that is used has a high thermal mass. This means that the boiler has both large water content and a large metal content. A boiler that has a high thermal mass is relatively slow in coming up to temperature. This is typical of many commercial cast iron and steel tube boilers.

The Hi mass setting provides a slow response to the heating system.

Rotation

The Rotate feature changes the firing order of the boilers whenever one boiler accumulates 48 hours more run time than any other boiler. Rotation will be forced if any boiler accumulates 60 hours more run time. After each rotation, the boiler with the least running hours is the first to fire and the boiler with the most running hours is the last to fire. This function ensures that all of the boilers receive equal amounts of use. When the Rotate / Off DIP switch is set to the Off position, the firing sequence always begins with lowest boiler to the highest boiler.



To reset the rotation sequence (without regard to historical running hours), toggle the Rotation DIP Switch Off for 3 seconds and on again. Note that the running hours (see Run Time) in the View menu also need to be reset if you want the rotation sequence and running hours display to be synchronized.

Fixed Last

In some applications, it may be desirable to have the last boiler fire last at all times while the firing sequence of the remaining boilers is changed using Equal Run Time Rotation. This configuration is typical of installations where the boiler plant includes higher efficient boilers and a single less efficient boiler. The lesser efficient boiler is only desired to be operated when all other boilers in the plant are on and the load cannot be satisfied. This rotation option is selected by setting the Fixed Last / Off DIP switch to Fixed Last. With a fixed last rotation, the last boiler is the last to stage on and the first to stage off.

Fixed Lead & First On / First Off

In some applications, it may be desirable to have the first boiler fire first at all times while the firing sequence of the remaining boilers is changed using Equal Run Time Rotation. This rotation option is selected by setting the Fixed Lead / Off DIP switch to the Fixed Lead position.

When using the Fixed Lead rotation option, a selection must be made between First On / Last Off and First On / First Off using the DIP switch.

When First On / First Off is selected, the lead boiler is always staged on first and staged off first. This configuration is typical of installations where the boiler plant includes similar boilers but the first boiler is required to be the first to fire in order to establish sufficient draft for venting.

Fixed Lead & First On / Last Off

When First On / Last Off is selected, the lead boiler is always staged on first and staged off last. This configuration is typical of installations where the boiler plant includes a single higher efficient boiler with lesser efficient boilers. The lead boiler is the high efficiency boiler, therefore it is the last boiler to be sequenced off.

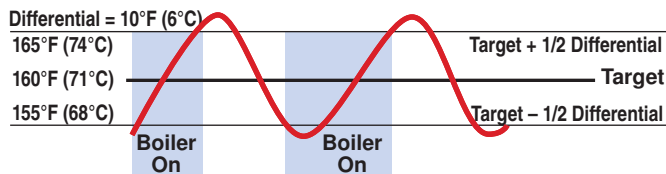
Boiler Run Time in View Menu

The running time of each boiler is logged in the view menu. To reset the running time, select the appropriate Boiler Run Time in the View menu and press and hold the Up and Down buttons simultaneously until CLR is displayed.

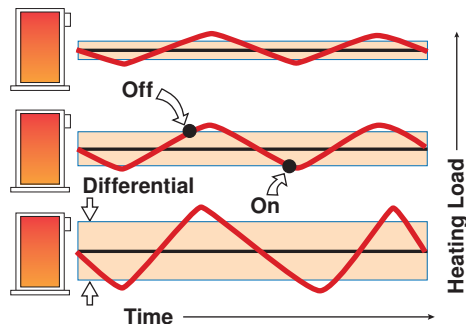
Boiler Differential Setting in Adjust Menu

An On/Off heat source must be operated with a differential in order to prevent short cycling. The boiler differential can be fixed or automatically determined by the control. The Auto Differential setting balances the amount of temperature swing in the boiler supply temperature with boiler on times, off times, and cycle times. This reduces potential short cycling during light load conditions.

Manual Differential



Automatic Differential



Boiler Staging Mode - Lo/Hi or Lo/Lo in Adjust Menu

When using multi-stage boilers, a selection must be made regarding the staging order of the boiler(s). This adjustment is made in the ADJUST menu of the control.

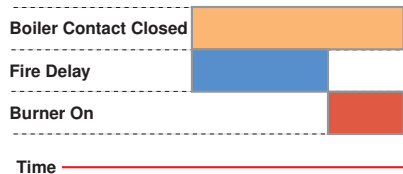
Lo/Hi: If the Lo/Hi staging option is selected the control stages in sequence all of the stages in a single boiler. Once all of the stages are turned on, the control then stages in sequence all of the stages of the next boiler in the rotation sequence.

Lo/Lo: If the Lo/Lo staging option is selected, the control stages all of the Lo stage outputs in all of the boilers first. Once all of the boilers are operating on their Lo stages, the control then operates the second stage in each boiler in the same order.

Boiler Fire Delay Setting in Adjust Menu

(per boiler)

The Boiler Fire Delay sets the time it takes for the boiler to generate flame from the time the boiler turns on.



Combustion Air and Alert Settings

Section D

Relay Setting in Adjust Menu (C.A. Damper / Alert)

The control includes an auxiliary relay that can be used either for a combustion damper/venting device or an Alert. Selection is made through the Relay item in the Adjust menu.

Alert

When the Relay is set to Alert, terminals 15 and 16 close whenever a control or sensor error is detected, or when a warning or limiting condition is detected. When the alert contact closes, refer to the Error Messages section of this brochure to determine the cause of the alert and how to clear the error.

Boiler Alarm

For the Boiler Alarm item to appear in the Adjust menu, the Relay must be set to Alert. If no temperature increase is detected at the boiler supply sensor within this delay period, the Alert relay will close and the control will display the Boiler Alarm error message. All boilers continue to operate if this error is present. To clear the error, press and hold the up and down buttons simultaneously for 5 seconds while viewing the error message in the View menu.

Combustion Air (C.A.) Damper

When the Relay is set to Damper, terminals 15 and 16 operate a combustion air damper / fan motor or power vent motor. The Relay closes once a demand is received and the control has determined that one or more boilers need to be turned on.

Combustion Air Proof Demand Setting in Adjust Menu

The proof demand can be used to prove a combustion air or venting device if set to C.A. Boiler operation cannot occur until the proof demand is present. If the proof demand is lost during operation, the boiler plant is sequenced off.

Combustion Air Proof Demand Delay Setting in Adjust Menu

The control includes a time delay that is associated with the proof demand feature in order to determine if the proof device is functional. Once the C.A. relay closes, the control allows for this delay to receive the proof demand. If the proof demand is not received within the delay time, the control will display an error message.

Combustion Air Damper Delay Setting in Adjust Menu

If the Proof Demand function is set to F P (flow proof) or OFF, boiler sequencing only occurs once a user adjustable time delay elapses.

Combustion Air Post Purge

There is a fixed 15 second post purge of the C.A. relay after the last boiler has turned off, or demand is removed. If there is a heat demand still present once the last boiler has turned off, the control can look at the error and determine if sequencing is to occur in a "short" period of time. If the control does anticipate staging, the C.A. relay will remain on. Otherwise, the C.A. relay will be turned off once the 15 second post purge elapses.

Combustion Air Proof Demand Test

The control includes a C.A. proof demand test in order to determine if the proving device has failed. If the C.A. damper contacts are opened, the flow proof demand should not be present after 4 minutes. If the flow proof demand remains, the control will display an error message.

Domestic Hot Water Operation

Section E

DHW operation is only available when the Pump Sequencer DIP Switch is set to Off.

DHW Demand

DHW Demands come from one of three sources: an external aquastat, a DHW tank sensor, or a tN4 DHW control.

Once the control detects a DHW Demand, the DHW Demand segment is displayed in the LCD. If an External Powered DHW Demand is applied while the DHW sensor is enabled in the 274, an error message is generated and both demands are ignored.

A DHW demand from a tN4 Setpoint Control can coexist with another DHW demand without generating an error message. The 274 will then use the higher of the two targets.

Powered DHW Demand

The control registers a DHW Demand when a voltage between 20 and 260 V (ac) is applied across the DHW Demand terminals 23 and 24. An aquastat or setpoint control is used to switch the DHW Demand circuit. Program a DHW Exchange temperature for the Occupied and UnOccupied events in the Adjust Menu.

- DHW Sensor must be set to Off.

DHW Sensor

The control can register a DHW Demand when A DHW Sensor is wired to terminals 5 and 6. Once the DHW Sensor drops 1/2 of the DHW Differential setting below the DHW Setpoint, the control registers a DHW Demand. Program a DHW Tank temperature for the Occupied and UnOccupied events in the Adjust Menu.

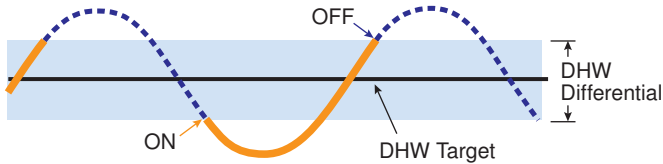
- The DHW Sensor must be set to On. There cannot be an externally powered DHW demand when using a DHW sensor.

tN4 Setpoint Control in DHW Mode

The control can register a DHW Demand when a tN4 Setpoint Control in DHW Mode is wired to terminals 1 and 2. The DHW Demand is sent over the tN4 communication bus when the Setpoint Control calls for heat. Program a DHW tank temperature for the Occupied and UnOccupied events and the desired supply water temperature required on the tN4 bus in the Adjust Menu of the tN4 Setpoint Control.

DHW Differential Setting in Adjust Menu

Due to large differences between the heating load and the DHW load, a separate DHW differential should be used whenever a DHW Demand is present. This will improve staging and boiler cycling. When using a DHW Sensor, a DHW Demand is registered when the DHW sensor drops 1/2 of the DHW Differential setting below the DHW setting. The DHW Demand is satisfied once the DHW Sensor rises 1/2 of the DHW Differential setting above the DHW setting.



Boiler Target Temperature during a DHW Demand

If a Powered DHW Demand is present, the boilers are operated to maintain the DHW Exchange temperature. If a DHW sensor demand is present, the boilers are operated to maintain a temperature 40°F above the DHW tank temperature. If a tN4 demand is present, the primary pump is turned on according to the device's reported requirements and the boilers are operated to maintain the devices requested target on the bus. The DHW Demand overrides the boiler reset target temperature, except when the boiler reset target is higher than the DHW target. Regardless of DHW settings and requested targets, the boilers will maintain a supply temperature no higher than the Boil MAX setting.

DHW During UnOccupied

When using a Powered DHW Demand, the control has a DHW Exchange UnOccupied setting that allows the installer to select On or Off. When set to On, and the control receives a DHW Demand during an UnOccupied or Sleep period, the control continues operation of the DHW system as it would during the Occupied and Wake periods. When set to Off, the control will ignore a DHW Demand for the duration of the UnOccupied and Sleep periods.

When using a DHW Sensor, a second DHW temperature setting is available for the UnOccupied or Sleep period.

DIP Switch must be set to Setback to view UnOccupied items.

During the Away Scene, DHW demands are ignored.

DHW Mode Setting in the Adjust Menu

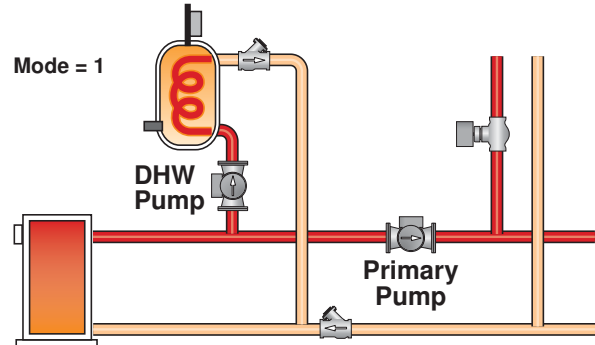
The control has six different DHW Modes that affect pump operation. The required DHW Mode setting will depend on the piping arrangement of the DHW tank and whether or not priority for DHW is necessary. DHW Priority stops or limits the delivery of heat to the building heating system while the DHW tank calls for heat. This allows for quick recovery of the DHW tank.

Mode OFF / No DHW Generation

All DHW demands are ignored. If this mode is selected while DHW generation is underway, all DHW operation stops.

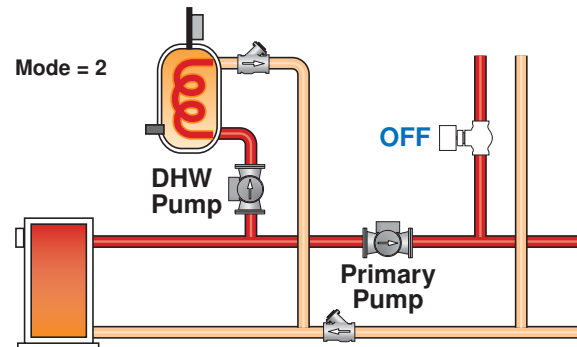
Mode 1 - DHW in Parallel with No Priority

When a valid DHW Demand is present, the DHW relay (terminal 17) turns on. The primary pump can operate when a Boiler Demand is present. It is assumed that the DHW pump will provide adequate flow through the heat exchanger and the boiler. Heating zones are unaffected by DHW operation.



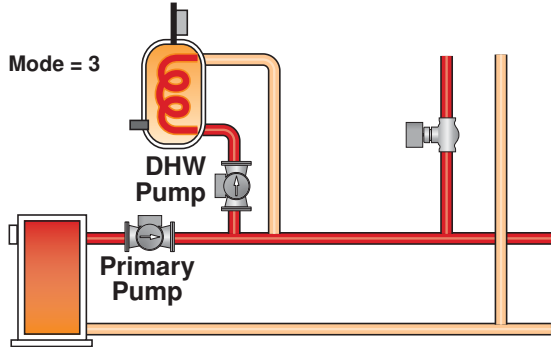
Mode 2 - DHW in Parallel with Priority

When a valid DHW Demand is present, the DHW relay (terminal 17) turns on. The primary pump can operate when a Boiler Demand is present. If the boilers are unable to maintain the boiler target temperature, space heating zones are shut off sequentially using tN4 communication in order to provide priority to the DHW tank. For non-tN4 systems, the primary pump shuts off to provide priority. It is assumed that the DHW pump will provide adequate flow through the heat exchanger and the boiler.



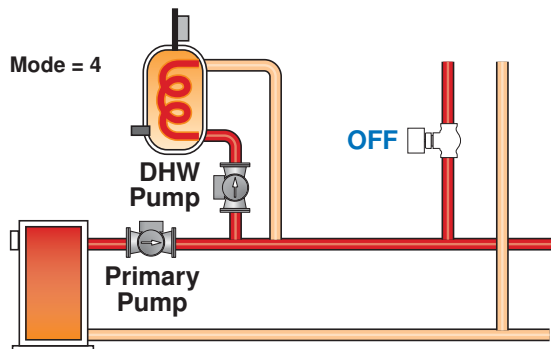
Mode 3 - DHW in Primary/Secondary with No Priority

When a valid DHW Demand is present, the DHW relay (terminal 17) and Primary Pump relay (terminal 18) turn on. Heating zones are unaffected by DHW operation. This mode can be used if the DHW tank is piped in parallel and a DHW valve is installed (need to use an external relay to power the valve with 24 V (ac) since the DHW pump output is a 120 V (ac) powered output).



Mode 4 - DHW in Primary/Secondary with Priority

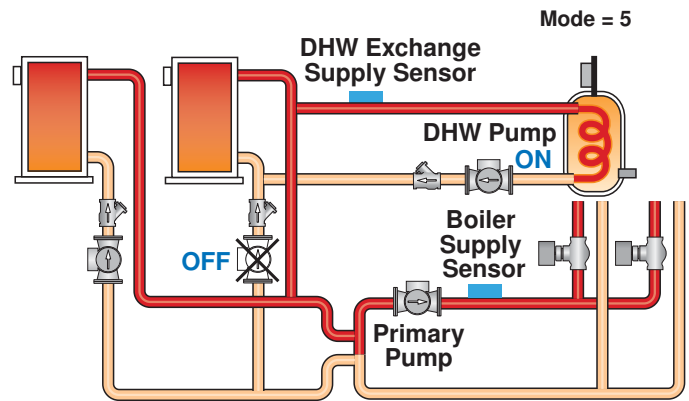
When a valid DHW Demand is present, the DHW relay (terminal 17) and Primary Pump relay (terminal 18) turn on. If the boilers are unable to maintain the boiler target temperature, space heating zones are shut off sequentially using tN4 communication in order to provide priority to the DHW tank.



Mode 5 - DHW in Parallel / Last Boiler with Priority

When a valid DHW Demand is present, the DHW relay (terminal 17) turns on and boiler pump 4 turns off. The control uses the DHW Exchange Supply Sensor in order to measure the boiler supply temperature supplied to the indirect tank. There are two boiler target temperatures, one for the heating system (BOIL TARGET) and one for the indirect DHW system (BOIL DHW TARGET). In this mode, the DHW Demand can only be provided from an External Powered Demand or tN4 Setpoint Control in DHW mode.

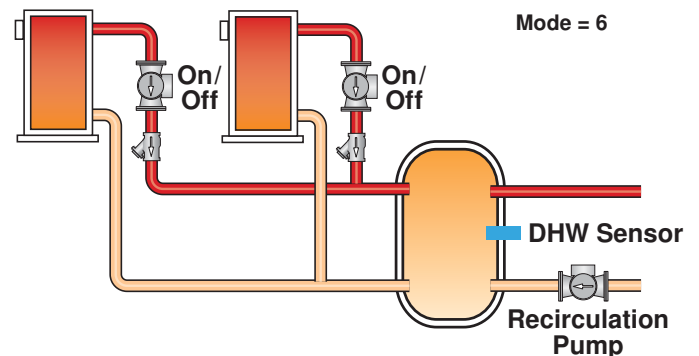
- All boilers are used for space heating requirements
- Boiler 2 is used for DHW when there is a DHW demand
- **The dedicated DHW boiler is always boiler 2 (relay 3), even if there are less than 4 boilers.**
- If boiler 2 is disabled and mode 5 is selected then the dedicated DHW boiler (boiler 2) will not operate.
- This DHW mode is only available when control is in Mode = 2



Mode 6 - Dedicated DHW

When a valid DHW Demand is present from the DHW Sensor, the primary pump relay turns on. The DHW Relay in this mode is used as the DHW recirculation pump and operates continuously in the Occupied period and cycles with the primary pump in the UnOccupied period. The boiler plant is sequenced based only on the DHW Sensor.

- All boilers are used for DHW requirements
- Requires DHW demand from DHW sensor
- DHW Pump Relay is used for DHW recirculation pump
- Boiler Supply Sensor Not Required

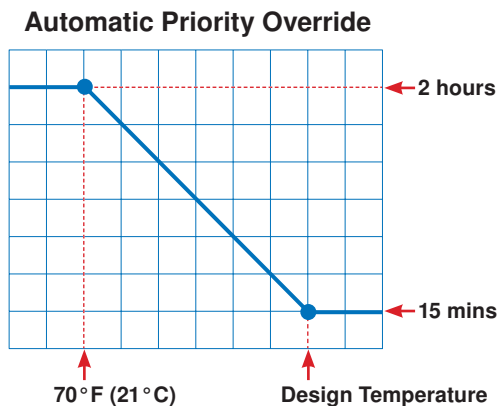


DHW Priority Override Setting in Adjust Menu

DHW Priority Override applies to DHW MODE 2 and 4, as well as Mode 5 if there is a tN4 device with DHW. It prevents the building from cooling off too much or the possibility of a potential freeze up during DHW priority.

When set to auto, the priority time is calculated based on outdoor temperature. At or below the design outdoor temperature, 15 minutes are allowed for DHW priority. At or above 70°F, 2 hours are allowed for DHW priority. The time allowed for DHW priority varies linearly between the above two points. There is a manual setting also available in the adjust menu.

The priority timer does not start timing until priority is selected and both a DHW Demand and a Boiler Demand exist together. Once the allowed time for priority has elapsed, the control overrides the DHW priority and resumes space heating.



Conditional DHW Priority

If the boiler supply temperature is maintained at or above the required temperature during DHW generation, this indicates that the boilers have enough capacity for DHW and possibly heating as well. As long as the boiler supply temperature is maintained near the target, DHW and heating occurs simultaneously.

DHW Post Purge

After the DHW Demand is removed, the control performs a purge. The control shuts off the boilers and continues to operate the DHW Pump and the primary pump if applicable. This purges the residual heat from the boilers into the DHW tank. The control continues this purge until one of the following occurs:

1. A Boiler Demand is detected
2. The boiler supply drops 20°F (11°C) below the DHW target temperature
3. The DHW tank temperature rises above the DHW setpoint plus 1/2 DHW Differential
4. Two minutes elapse

DHW Mixing Purge

After DHW operation, the boiler is extremely hot. At the same time, the heating zones may have cooled off considerably after being off for a period of time. When restarting the heating system after a DHW demand with priority, the control shuts off the boiler and continues to operate the DHW pump while the primary pump is turned on. This allows some of the DHW return water to mix with the cool return water from the zones and temper the boiler return water.

DHW with Low Temperature Boilers

If DHW heating is to be incorporated into a low temperature system such as a radiant floor heating system, a mixing device is often installed to isolate the high DHW supply temperature from the lower system temperature. If a mixing device is not installed, high temperature water could be supplied to the low temperature system while trying to satisfy the DHW demand. This may result in damage to the low temperature heating system.

The control is capable of providing DHW heating in such a system while minimizing the chance that the temperature in the heating system exceeds the design supply water temperature. In order to do this, the following must be true:

- tN4 Present
- DHW MODE 2 or 4
- Boil MIN OFF

On a call for DHW, the control provides DHW priority by sending a message on the boiler temperature bus to the tN4 thermostats to shut off the heating zones for a period of time. The length of time is based on the outdoor air temperature as described in the DHW Priority Override section. However, if the DHW Demand is not satisfied within the allotted time, the boiler shuts off and the heat of the boiler is purged into the DHW tank. A DHW mixing purge occurs in order to reduce the boiler water temperature and once the boiler supply temperature is sufficiently reduced, the DHW Pump contact shuts off. The heating system zones are allowed to turn on for a period of time to prevent the building from cooling off. After a period of heating, and if the DHW Demand is still present, the control shuts off the heating system and provides heat to the DHW tank once again.

DHW Boilers Setting in Adjust Menu

Select the number of boilers to use for DHW generation.

Setpoint operation is only available when DHW Mode is set to Off.

The control can operate to satisfy the requirements of a setpoint load in addition to a space heating load. A setpoint load overrides the current outdoor reset temperature in order to provide heat to the setpoint load.

Setpoint Demand

Setpoint Demands come from one of two sources: a Powered Setpoint Demand, or a tN4 Setpoint Control.

Powered Setpoint Demand

The control registers a Setpoint Demand when a voltage between 20 and 260 V (ac) is applied across the Setpoint Demand terminals 23 and 24. An aquastat or setpoint control is used to switch the Setpoint Demand circuit. Program a Setpoint target for the Occupied and UnOccupied events in the Adjust Menu.

- DHW Mode must be set to Off.

tN4 Setpoint Control

The control can register a Setpoint Demand when a tN4 Setpoint Control is wired to terminals 1 and 2. The Setpoint Demand is sent over the tN4 communication bus when the Setpoint Control calls for heat. Program a Setpoint temperature for the Occupied and UnOccupied events and the desired supply water temperature required on the tN4 bus in the Adjust Menu of the tN4 Setpoint Control.

- DHW Mode must be set to Off.

A demand from a tN4 Setpoint Control can coexist with another setpoint demand without generating an error message. The 274 will then use the higher of the two targets.

Boiler Target Temperature during a Setpoint Demand

If a Powered Setpoint Demand is present, the boilers are operated to maintain the Setpoint target. If a tN4 demand is present, the primary pump is turned on according to the device's reported requirements and the boilers are operated to maintain the devices requested target on the bus. The Setpoint Demand overrides the boiler reset target temperature, except when the boiler reset target is higher than the Setpoint target. Regardless of Setpoint settings and requested targets, the boilers will maintain a supply temperature no higher than the Boil MAX setting.

Setpoint During UnOccupied

When using a Powered Setpoint Demand, the control has a Setpoint UnOccupied setting that allows the installer to select On or Off. When set to On, and the control receives a Setpoint Demand during an UnOccupied or Sleep period, the control continues operation of the Setpoint system as it would during the Occupied and Wake periods. When set to Off, the control will ignore a Setpoint Demand for the duration of the UnOccupied and Sleep periods.

DIP Switch must be set to Setback to view UnOccupied items.

During the Away Scene, Setpoint demands are ignored.

Setpoint Mode Setting in the Adjust Menu

The control has four different Setpoint Modes that affect pump operation. The required Setpoint Mode setting will depend on the piping arrangement and whether or not priority is necessary. Setpoint Priority stops or limits the delivery of heat to the building heating system while the Setpoint load calls for heat. This allows for quick recovery of the Setpoint load.

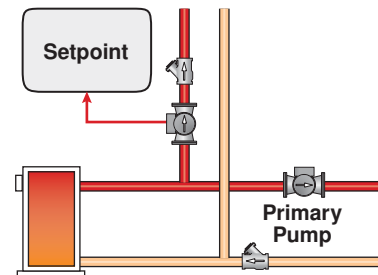
Mode OFF - No Setpoint Operation

All Setpoint demands are ignored. If this mode is selected while Setpoint operation is underway, all Setpoint operation ceases.

Mode 1 - Setpoint in Parallel with No Priority

Whenever a Setpoint Demand is present, the boilers are operated to maintain the setpoint target. The primary pump does not turn on, but may operate based on a Boiler Demand. It is assumed that the Setpoint pump will provide adequate flow through the heat exchanger and the boiler.

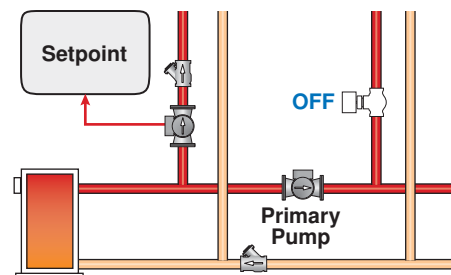
Mode = 1



Mode 2 - Setpoint in Parallel with Priority

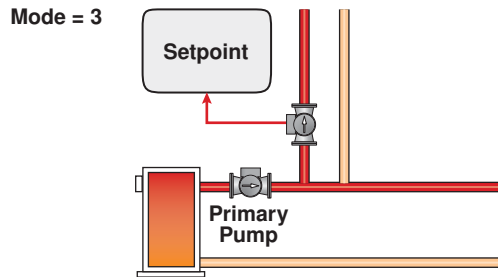
When a Setpoint Demand is present, the boilers are operated to maintain the setpoint target. The primary pump can operate when a Boiler Demand is present. If the boilers are unable to maintain the boiler target temperature, space heating zones are shut off sequentially using tN4 communication in order to provide priority to the Setpoint Load. For non-tN4 systems, the primary pump shuts off to provide priority. It is assumed that the Setpoint pump will provide adequate flow through the heat exchanger and the boiler.

Mode = 2



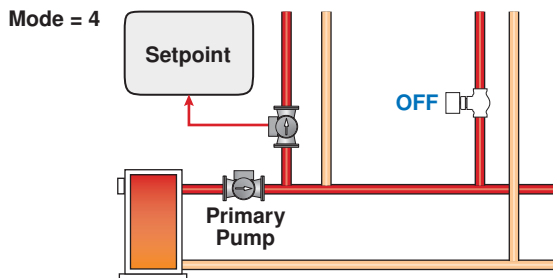
Mode 3 - Setpoint in Primary/Secondary with No Priority

Whenever a Setpoint Demand is present, the primary pump is turned on and the boilers are operated to maintain the setpoint target.



Mode 4 - Setpoint in Primary/Secondary with Priority

Whenever a Setpoint Demand is present, the primary pump is turned on and the boilers are operated to maintain the setpoint target. Space heating zones will be shut off if the boilers are unable to maintain the boiler target temperature.



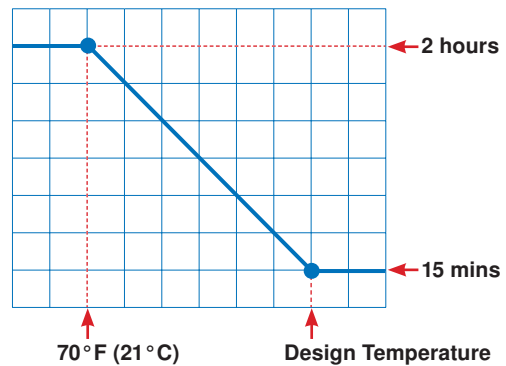
Setpoint Priority Override Setting in Adjust Menu

Setpoint Priority Override applies to SETPOINT MODE 2 and MODE 4. To prevent the building from cooling off too much or the possibility of a potential freeze up during setpoint priority, the control limits the amount of time for setpoint priority.

When set to auto, the priority time is calculated based on outdoor temperature. At or below the design outdoor temperature, 15 minutes are allowed for Setpoint priority. At or above 70°F, 2 hours are allowed for Setpoint priority. The time allowed for Setpoint priority varies linearly between the above two points. There is a manual setting also available in the adjust menu.

The priority timer does not start timing until priority is selected and both a Setpoint Demand and a Boiler Demand exist together. Once the allowed time for priority has elapsed, the control overrides the Setpoint priority and resumes space heating.

Automatic Priority Override



Conditional DHW Priority

If the boiler supply temperature is maintained at or above the required temperature during setpoint generation, this indicates that the boiler has enough capacity for setpoint and possibly heating as well. As long as the boiler target temperature is maintained, setpoint and heating occur at the same time.

Setpoint Post Purge

After a tN4 Setpoint Demand is removed, the control performs a purge. The control shuts off the boilers and continues to operate the Setpoint Pump and the primary pump if applicable. This purges the residual heat from the boilers into the Setpoint load. The control continues this purge until one of the following occurs:

1. A Boiler Demand is detected
2. The boiler supply drops 20°F (11°C) below the Setpoint target temperature
3. Two minutes elapse

The control can accept an external DC signal from an Energy Management System (EMS) in place of the outdoor sensor. The control converts the DC signal into the appropriate boiler target temperature between 50°F (10°C) and 210°F (99°C) based on the EMS Input Signal and Offset settings. To use the external input signal, the EMS / Demands DIP switch must be set to EMS.

An external signal is generated by applying a voltage between 0 V (dc) and 10 V (dc) across the Out + and Com – terminals (3 and 2). Voltages that exceed 10 V (dc) will still be considered a 10 V (dc) signal.

Once voltage is applied, the EMS Input Signal pointer is displayed in the LCD and the control calculates a boiler target and closes the primary pump contact. The control then activates the boiler(s), if required, to maintain the target supply temperature.

If the EMS signal goes below the minimum voltage, the EMS Input Signal pointer is turned off in the display. The boiler target temperature is displayed as “---” to indicate that there is no longer a call for heating. The primary pump and boiler pumps operate as described in section I.

Input Signal

The control can accept either a 0 - 10 V (dc) signal or a 2 - 10 V (dc) signal. The External Input Signal setting must be set to the proper setting based on the signal that is being sent to the control.

0 - 10 V (dc) or 0 - 20 mA

When the 0 - 10 V (dc) signal is selected, an input voltage of 1 V (dc) corresponds to a boiler target temperature of 50°F (10°C). An input voltage of 10 V (dc) corresponds to a boiler target temperature of 210°F (99°C). As the voltage varies between 1 V (dc) and 10 V (dc) the boiler target temperature varies linearly between 50°F (10°C) and 210°F (99°C). If a voltage below 0.5 V (dc) is received the boiler target temperature is displayed as “---” indicating that there is no longer a call for heating.

A 0 - 20 mA signal can be converted to a 0 - 10 V (dc) signal by installing a 500 Ω resistor between the Out + and Com – terminals (3 and 2).

2 - 10 V (dc) or 4 - 20 mA

When the 2 - 10 V (dc) signal is selected, an input voltage of 2 V (dc) corresponds to a boiler target temperature of 50°F (10°C). An input voltage of 10 V (dc) corresponds to a boiler target temperature of 210°F (99°C). As the voltage varies between 2 V (dc) and 10 V (dc) the boiler target temperature varies linearly between 50°F (10°C) and 210°F (99°C). If a voltage below 1.5 V (dc) is received the boiler target temperature is displayed as “---” indicating that there is no longer a call for heating.

A 4 - 20 mA signal can be converted to a 2 - 10 V (dc) signal by installing a 500 Ω resistor between the Out + and Com – terminals (3 and 2).

CONVERSION TABLE 0 - 10		
0 - 20 mA*	0 - 10 V (dc)	Boiler Target
0	0	--- (OFF)
2	1	50°F (10°C)
4	2	68°F (20°C)
6	3	86°F (30°C)
8	4	103°F (39°C)
10	5	121°F (49°C)
12	6	139°F (59°C)
14	7	157°F (69°C)
16	8	174°F (79°C)
18	9	192°F (89°C)
20	10	210°F (99°C)

*Requires 500 Ω Resistor in Parallel

CONVERSION TABLE 2 - 10		
4 - 20 mA*	2 - 10 V (dc)	Boiler Target
0	0	--- (OFF)
4	2	50°F (10°C)
6	3	70°F (21°C)
8	4	90°F (32°C)
10	5	110°F (43°C)
12	6	130°F (54°C)
14	7	150°F (66°C)
16	8	170°F (77°C)
18	9	190°F (88°C)
20	10	210°F (99°C)

*Requires 500 Ω Resistor in Parallel

Offset Setting in Adjust Menu

For external input operation, the boiler target (determined from the external input signal) may be fine tuned. The Offset setting is used to provide the fine tuning. The Offset setting may be adjusted ±10°F. When set to 0°F, if the temperature determined from the external signal is 140°F, the boiler target will be 140°F. When set to +5°F and with the same external signal represents 140°F, the boiler target will be 145°F.

Example		
Range	= 0 - 10 V (dc)	
Input	= 7 V (dc)	
Offset	= +5°F (3°C)	
Boiler Target	=	162°F (72°C)

The minimum and maximum settings also apply for external input operation. For example, if a boiler minimum of 140°F is set and the external signal received represents 80°F, the boiler target will be 140°F. The MIN segment will also be displayed to indicate that a limiting condition is in effect. This also applies for the MAX segment limit.

Whenever an external signal is used, the control can still provide all DHW OR Setpoint functions.

Primary Pump Operation

The control includes two primary pump outputs with capability for sequencing. Primary pump sequencing is activated through a DIP switch. Only primary pump 1 is operated when pump sequencing is turned off, while primary pumps 1 and 2 are operated in stand-by mode when pump sequencing is turned on.

The running times of the primary pumps are logged in the view menu. To reset these values back to zero, press and hold the up and down button while viewing this item.

Note: once primary pump sequencing is selected, DHW operation is not available. Setpoint operation, however, is available if primary pump sequencing is selected.

The primary pumps will operate when the control receives an appropriate demand:

- External Boiler Demand
- tN4 Boiler Demand and that zone's thermostat has H1 Pump set to On.
- DHW Demand and the control is set to DHW Mode 3, 4, or 6.
- Setpoint Demand and the control is set to Setpoint Mode 3 or 4.

The primary pumps also operate when the control is completing a DHW Purge.

tN4 thermostats can select whether the primary pump is required to operate or not. tN4 thermostats also include a thermal actuator setting which can delay the primary pump for 3 minutes to allow thermal actuators to open.

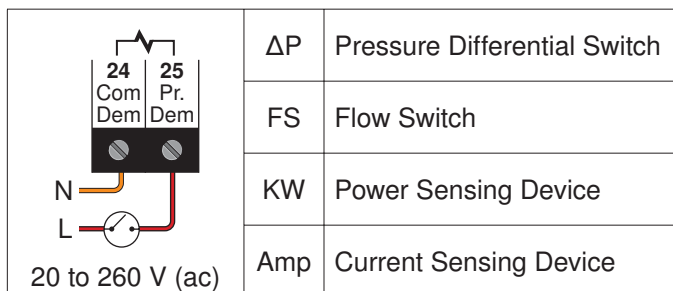
Flow Proof

The control includes a flow proof demand in order to prove flow once a primary pump has turned on. In order for boiler operation to commence, the proof demand must be present. A flow proof signal is required at all times during pump operation. A flow proof is generated by applying a voltage between 20 and 260 V (ac) across the Flow Proof terminals (30 and 31). Once voltage is applied, the Proof Demand indicator is turned on in the LCD.

Once a pump contact is turned on, a flow proof signal must be present before the flow proof delay has expired.

The flow proof demand is selected by setting the Proof Demand item in the Adjust menu to F P (flow proof).

A flow proof demand can come from a flow switch, pressure differential switch, current sensing or power sensing device.

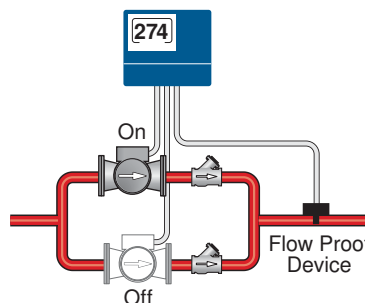


Stand-by Operation

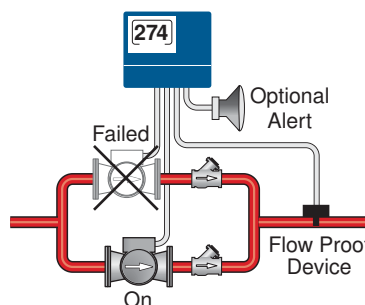
The control only operates one primary pump at a time. A flow proof device can be used to detect when stand-by pump operation is required.

- When a demand is registered, the lead pump is activated, and the control waits for flow to be established within the flow proof delay time.
- If no flow is established, the lead pump is de-activated, the lag pump is activated and the control waits again for the flow to establish within the flow proof delay time.
- If again no flow is established, the lag pump is de-activated and the control stops operation until the error is cleared. Verify that the pumps and flow proof device are working correctly before clearing the error.
- If the lead pump establishes flow, and fails during operation, the lag pump is activated.
- If at any time, one or both pumps fail to prove flow, an error message is displayed.

Normal Operation



Stand-by Pump Operation



Flow Proof Delay Setting in Adjust Menu

The control waits a period of time to receive a flow proof demand from the time the primary pump turns on. If the control does not receive a flow proof demand within that period of time, the primary pump turns off and the stand-by primary pump (if active) turns on. The control then waits that period of time again for the stand-by primary pump to prove flow. If flow is not proven, the stand-by pump turns off. The period of time is set through the Proof Demand 'Pump' DLY item in the Adjust menu and it is adjustable between 10 seconds and 3 minutes.

Flow Proof Demand Test

The control includes a flow proof demand test in order to determine if the flow/pressure device has failed. A flow proof failure is detected if a flow proof is present after the pumps have been shut off for more than four minutes. This can occur if the flow proof device sticks in the on position even when flow has stopped in the system. A proof demand error will latch when this condition exists.

Primary Pump Rotation Setting in Adjust Menu

The control rotates the pumps based on the Rotate item in the Adjust menu. Frequency of Rotation is based on the running time of the pumps. Rotation is done when the lead pump is off. If the lead pump runs continuously, the rotation is delayed for up to 12 hours. If the pump runs continuously and rotation is required, the control shuts off the lead pump and 1 second later the stand-by pump is turned on. This eliminates overloading the pump electrical circuit. Upon turning on the stand-by pump the flow proof input is checked after the flow proof demand delay time.

Primary Pump Purge

After the last valid demand is removed, the primary pump is operated for an additional purging time of at least 20 seconds. If the last demand came from a tN4 zone, the control sends out a purge message to override the zone open for the duration of the boiler purge. At the end of the purge, the zone override is removed so the zone is allowed to close and turn off the primary pump. If the last demand came from a non-tN4 zone, the purge period for the primary pump is adjustable between 10 seconds and 19:55 minutes.

Boiler Pump Operation

The control is capable of operating individual boiler pumps. This feature is available by setting the Boiler relays to pump in the Adjust Menu.

The control includes a boiler pump pre-purge which operates the respective boiler pump for a period of time before the boiler is ignited in order to purge potential residual heat out of the boiler. The pre-purge time is determined from the boiler mass setting. As the boiler mass setting is increased, the boiler pump pre-purge time is also increased. The pre-purge time is fixed at 4 seconds whenever a DHW / Setpoint demand is provided in order to reduce boiler pick-up times.

The control includes a boiler pump post-purge feature that operates the respective boiler pump for a period of time after the boiler is turned off. This feature will purge heat out of the boiler and aid in reducing "kettling". The amount of time for the boiler pump post purge is adjustable between 10 seconds and 19:55 minutes. See the boiler pump purge setting in the adjust menu.

Exercising

Section I

The control will exercise the Combustion Air Damper, all pumps, and tN4 zones (zone valves and zone pumps) for 10 seconds every three days of inactivity to prevent seizure.

To enable exercising, switch the Exercise / Off DIP to the Exercise position.

Time Clock

Section J

The control has a built-in time clock to allow the control to operate on a schedule. A battery-less backup allows the control to keep time for up to 4 hours without power. The time clock supports automatic adjustment for Daylight Saving Time (DST) once the day, month, and year are entered. Use the Time menu to set the correct time, day, month, and year.

Note: The Setback / Off DIP Switch must be set to Setback before the Time menu can be accessed.

Daylight Savings Time Modes

Mode	DST Start	DST End
1	1st Sunday in April	Last Sunday in October
2	2nd Sunday in March	1st Sunday in November

To provide greater energy savings, you can operate the control on a programmable schedule. The schedule is stored in memory and is not affected by loss of power to the control. If a tN4 network is detected the control can become either a schedule member or schedule master.

Control (CTRL) Schedule (tN4 present)

The schedule only applies to the control. The control follows its own schedule and the events are not communicated to tN4 thermostats.

Master Schedule (tN4 present)

If the control is connected to tN4 thermostats, then the control can operate on a master schedule. You can set up a maximum of four master schedules on the tN4 Network. A master schedule is available to all devices on the tN4 network. Master schedules simplify installation since one master schedule may be used by multiple devices.

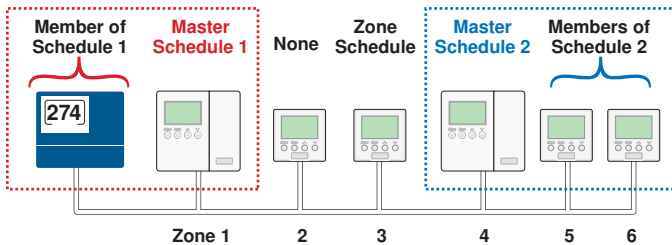
To create a master schedule:

- Assign the control to be a schedule master by setting the Heat Schedule item in the Schedule menu to Master (MST) 1 to 4. After a master schedule is selected, a clock symbol will appear in the View menu display.

Note: The 274 Setback /Off DIP Switch must be set to Setback to access the Schedule Menu.

To follow a master schedule:

- Assign the control to follow a master schedule by setting the Heat Schedule in the Schedule menu to Member (MBR) 1 to 4.



Schedule Types

The schedule type determines when the schedule repeats itself. This control includes three schedule types:

- 24 Hour: Repeats every 24 hours.
- 5-11: Repeats on a weekly basis. However, it breaks the week into Saturday and Sunday followed by the weekdays. This reduces the amount of schedule event settings.
- 7 Day: Repeats on a weekly basis and allows for separate event times for each day.

Day	Schedule Type		
	24 Hour	5-11	7 day
Saturday		•	•
Sunday		•	•
Monday			•
Tuesday	•		•
Wednesday		•	•
Thursday			•
Friday			•

Schedule Mode

The schedule mode can have either 4 or 2 events per day. An event is a time at which the control changes the target temperature. The event time can be set to the nearest 10 minutes. If you wish to have the thermostat skip the event, enter "--:--" as the time. The "--:--" time is found between 11:50 PM and 12:00 AM. See the table, Schedule Mode, for more details regarding types of events.

Schedule Mode	Event	24Hr	Sat	Sun	Mon	Tue	We	Thu	Fri
4 events per day	Wake	6:00 AM	6:00 AM	6:00 AM	6:00 AM	6:00 AM	6:00 AM	6:00 AM	6:00 AM
	Unoccupied	8:00 AM	8:00 AM	8:00 AM	8:00 AM	8:00 AM	8:00 AM	8:00 AM	8:00 AM
	Occupied	6:00 PM	6:00 PM	6:00 PM	6:00 PM	6:00 PM	6:00 PM	6:00 PM	6:00 PM
	Sleep	10:00 PM	10:00 PM	10:00 PM	10:00 PM	10:00 PM	10:00 PM	10:00 PM	10:00 PM
or									
2 events per day	Occupied	6:00 AM	6:00 AM	6:00 AM	6:00 AM	6:00 AM	6:00 AM	6:00 AM	6:00 AM
	Unoccupied	10:00 PM	10:00 PM	10:00 PM	10:00 PM	10:00 PM	10:00 PM	10:00 PM	10:00 PM

Boost

Section L

When the control changes from the UnOccupied mode to the Occupied mode, it enters into a boosting mode. In this mode, the supply water temperature to the system is raised above its normal values for a period of time to provide a faster recovery from the setback temperature of the building. The maximum length of the boost is selected using the BOOST setting in the Adjust menu.

Typical settings for the boost function vary between 30 minutes and two hours for buildings that have a fast responding heating system. For buildings that have a slow responding heating system, a setting between four hours and eight hours is typical. After a boost time is selected, the setback timer must be adjusted to come out of setback some time in advance of the desired occupied time. This time in advance is normally the same as the BOOST setting.

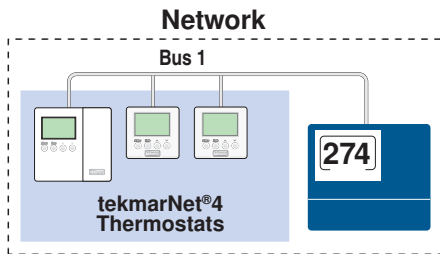
If the building is not up to temperature at the correct time, the BOOST setting should be lengthened and the setback timer should be adjusted accordingly. If the building is up to temperature before the required time, the BOOST setting should be shortened and the setback timer should

be adjusted accordingly. If the system is operating near its design conditions or if the supply water temperature is being limited by settings made in the control, the time required to bring the building up to temperature may be longer than expected.

tekmarNet®4 Communication

Section M

tekmarNet®4 (tN4) communicates between tN4 devices (thermostats, Reset Module and Expansion Modules). Each tN4 device is connected to a tN4 communication bus using two wires. Each tN4 bus adjusts a single water temperature in the system using indoor temperature feedback. The Boiler Control 274 allows for one tN4 bus. This allows you to control a system with one water temperature. A system that has more than one tN4 bus is referred to as a tN4 network.



Boiler Control 274

The Boiler Control 274 is the system control for a hydronic heating system. The 274 operates up to 4 on/off boilers, a domestic hot water tank, and responds to other heating requirements such as pool heating and snow melting. The 274 also coordinates and optimizes the operation of all the tN4 thermostats.

tN4 Thermostat

The tN4 thermostat operates heating, cooling, and or ventilation equipment for a zone. Several tN4 thermostats may work in a group when operating a cooling system. Up to 24 tN4 devices can connect to a single tN4 bus.

Zone Load Shedding (tN4)

Zone load shedding helps protect non-condensing boilers from sustained flue gas condensation damage. Zone load shedding starts when the boiler supply temperature is below the boiler minimum setting and all boilers are operating at 100% output. Zones are shut off in order of their tN4 address.

Second stage heat zones are the first to shut off starting with thermostat address b:24, continuing downward until the last to shut off is b:01.

Once all second stage heat zones are shut off, first stage zones shut off starting with highest thermostat address b:24 and ending at the lowest b:01.

When the boiler supply temperature reaches the boiler minimum, the first stage heating zones turn back on in order from b:01 to b:24, and then the second stage in order from b:01 to b:24.

Cycle Length Setting in Adjust Menu (tN4)

The control includes an adjustment for the cycle length. The cycle length adjustment allows for synchronization of

tN4 zones. An Auto setting allows for the cycle length to be automatically calculated to balance equipment cycling and comfort.

In the tekmarNet®4 system, all of the tekmarNet®4 Thermostats determine the best cycle length for their zone. The thermostats look at trying to maintain the longest possible cycle length while keeping temperature swings to a minimum. The Thermostats do this every cycle and send their ideal cycle length time to the 274.

In order to operate the system as efficiently as possible, all of the zones must operate based on the same cycle. In order to do this, the 274 listens to all of the cycle length requests from all of the tekmarNet®4 Thermostats. The 274 then determines the average cycle length and sends this information to all of the tekmarNet®4 Thermostats, allowing them to operate on the same cycle.

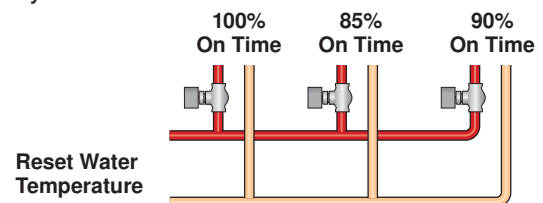
Indoor Temperature Feedback (tN4)

Indoor feedback applies when the 274 is connected to a tN4 Thermostat network operating on a boiler bus. Indoor temperature feedback fine tunes the water temperature of the system based on the requirements of the thermostats. Each thermostat tells the tN4 System Control the water temperature that it requires to heat its zone.

- If the zone is becoming too cool, the thermostat asks for a higher water temperature.
- If the zone is becoming too warm, the thermostat asks for a cooler water temperature.

The 274 provides the highest water temperature required by all of the thermostats.

- The thermostat with the highest water temperature requirement stays on 100% of its cycle.
- The remaining thermostats stay on for a percentage of their cycles.



Device Count (tN4)

The control includes a device count of all the tN4 devices connected to the boiler bus. This item is always found in the Miscellaneous Menu called NUM DEV. Use this to confirm that the correct number of devices are connected to the boiler bus.

Installation

⚠ Caution

Improper installation and operation of this control could result in damage to the equipment and possibly even personal injury or death. It is your responsibility to ensure that this control is safely installed according to all applicable codes and standards. This electronic control is not intended for uses as a primary limit control. Other controls that are

intended and certified as safety limits must be placed into the control circuit. Do not attempt to service the control. Refer to qualified personnel for servicing. Opening voids warranty and could result in damage to the equipment and possibly even personal injury or death.

Step One — Getting Ready

Check the contents of this package. If any of the contents listed are missing or damaged, please contact your wholesaler or tekmar sales representative for assistance.

Type 274 includes:

One Boiler Control 274, One Outdoor Sensor 070, Two Universal Sensors 082, One 500 Ohm resistor, Data Brochures D 274, D 070, D 001, Application Brochure A 274.

Note: Carefully read the details of the Sequence of Operation to ensure the proper control was chosen for the application.

Step Two — Mounting the Base

Remove the control from its base by pressing on the release clip in the wiring chamber and sliding the control away from it. The base is then mounted in accordance with the instructions in the Data Brochure D 001.

Step Three — Rough-in Wiring

All electrical wiring terminates in the control base wiring chamber. The base has standard 7/8" (22 mm) knockouts, which accept common wiring hardware and conduit fittings. Before removing the knockouts, check the wiring diagram and select those sections of the chamber with common voltages. Do not allow the wiring to cross between sections as the wires will interfere with safety dividers which should be installed at a later time.

Power must not be applied to any of the wires during the rough-in wiring stage.

- All wires are to be stripped to a length of 3/8" (9 mm) to ensure proper connection to the control.
- Install the Outdoor Sensor 070 according to the installation instructions in the Data Brochure D 070 and run the wiring back to the control.

- Install the Boiler Supply Sensor 082 according to the installation instructions in the Data Brochure D 070 and run the wiring back to the control.
- Install the Boiler Return or DHW Sensor 082 according to the installation instructions in the Data Brochure D 070 and run the wiring back to the control.
- Run wires from any security system, alarm panel, or telephone dialer back to the control.
- Run wires from other system components (boilers, pumps, flow switch, etc.) to the control.
- Run wires from the 115 V (ac) power to the control. Use a clean power source with a 15 A circuit to ensure proper operation. Multi-strand 16 AWG wire is recommended for all 115 V (ac) wiring due to its superior flexibility and ease of installation into the terminals.

Step Four — Electrical Connections to the Control

General

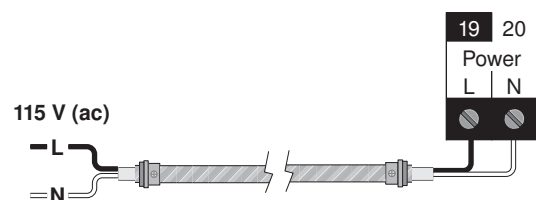
The installer should test to confirm that no voltage is present at any of the wires. Push the control into the base and slide it down until it snaps firmly into place.

⚠ Powered Input Connections

Terminals 19 - 25

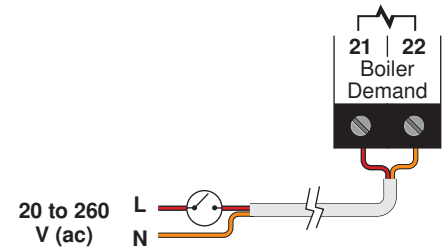
115 V (ac) Power

Connect the 115 V (ac) power supply to the Power L and Power N terminals (19 and 20). This connection provides power to the microprocessor and display of the control.



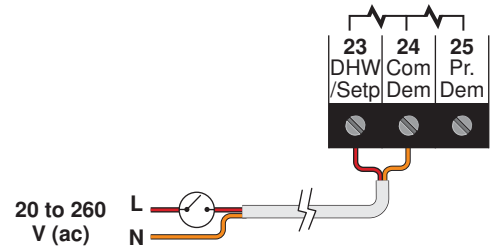
Boiler Demand

To generate a Boiler Demand, a voltage between 20 V (ac) and 260 V (ac) must be applied across the Boiler Demand terminals (21 and 22).



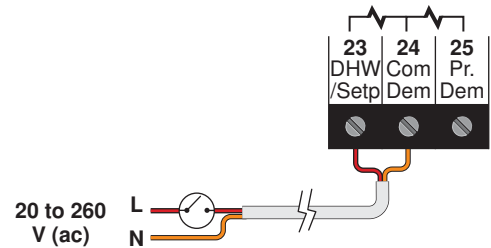
DHW Demand

To generate a DHW Demand, a voltage between 20 V (ac) and 260 V (ac) must be applied across the DHW/Setp and Com Dem terminals (23 and 24). The Pump Sequencer DIP Switch must be set to Off and DHW MODE must be set to 1 through 5.



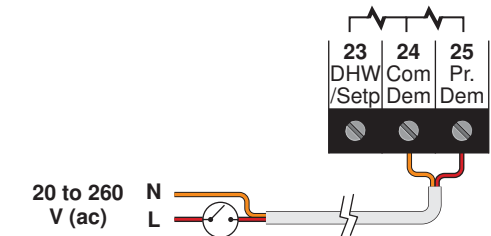
Setpoint Demand

To generate a Setpoint Demand, a voltage between 20 V (ac) and 260 V (ac) must be applied across the DHW/Setp and Com Dem terminals (23 and 24). The DHW MODE must be set to OFF.



Proof Demand

To generate a Proof Demand, a voltage between 20 V (ac) and 260 V (ac) must be applied across the Pr. Dem and Com Dem terminals (25 and 24).



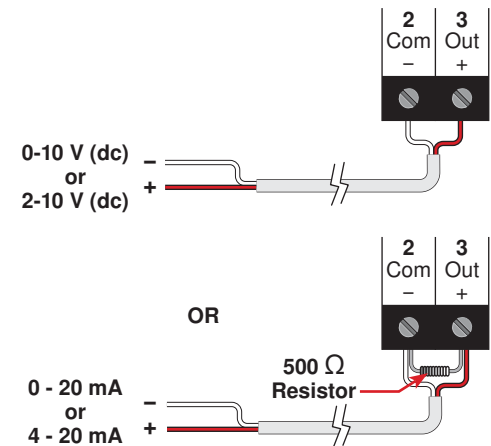
Energy Management System (EMS)

To generate an external input signal from an Energy Management System (EMS), either a 0 to 10 V (dc) or 2 to 10 V (dc) signal must be applied to the Com - and Out + terminals (2 and 3).

A 0 - 20 mA signal can be converted to a 0 - 10 V (dc) signal by installing a 500 Ω resistor in parallel between the Com - and Out + terminals (2 and 3).

A 4 - 20 mA signal can be converted to a 2 - 10 V (dc) signal by installing a 500 Ω resistor in parallel between the Com - and Out + terminals (2 and 3).

Note: DIP Switch must be set to EMS.



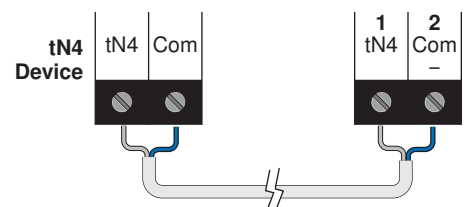
⚠ Non-Powered Input Connections

Terminals 1 - 6

tN4

Terminals 1 and 2 provide a tN4 connection for tN4 devices on the tN4 bus. Connect terminals 1 (tN4) and 2 (Com) to the corresponding terminals on the tN4 devices that are to be connected.

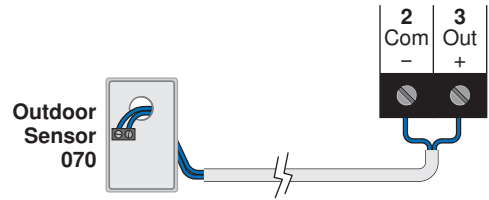
Note: The connection is polarity sensitive. Ensure that terminal 1 (tN4) is connected to the tN4 terminal on the tN4 device and that terminal 2 (C) is connect to the C terminal on the tN4 device.



Outdoor Sensor (tekmar 070)

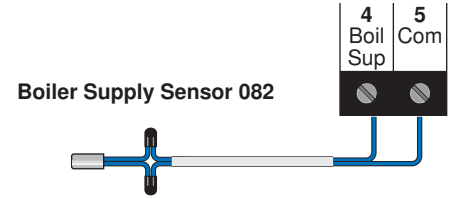
Connect the two wires from the Outdoor Sensor 070 to the Com and Out (2 and 3) terminals. The outdoor sensor is used by the control to measure the outdoor air temperature.

Note: If an Outdoor Sensor 070 is connected to a tekmarNet®4 thermostat in the system, it is not required to be connected to the control.



Boiler Supply Sensor (tekmar 082)

Connect the two wires from the Boiler Supply Sensor 082 to the Com and Boil (5 and 4) terminals. The Boiler Supply Sensor is used by the control to measure the boiler supply water temperature.

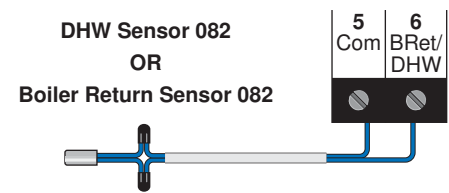


DHW or Boiler Return Sensor (tekmar 082)

Connect the two wires from the DHW Sensor 082 to the Com and BRet / DHW (5 and 6) terminals. The DHW Sensor is used by the control to measure the DHW water temperature or the DHW Exchange Supply Temperature.

OR

Connect the two wires from the Boiler Return Sensor 082 to the Com and BRet / DHW (5 and 6) terminals. The Boiler Return Sensor is used by the control to measure the boiler return temperature.

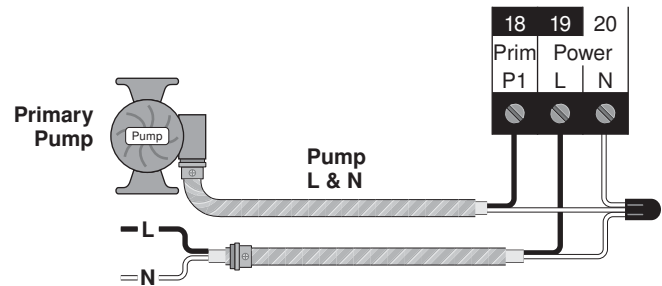


⚠ Powered Output Connections

Terminals 17 - 26

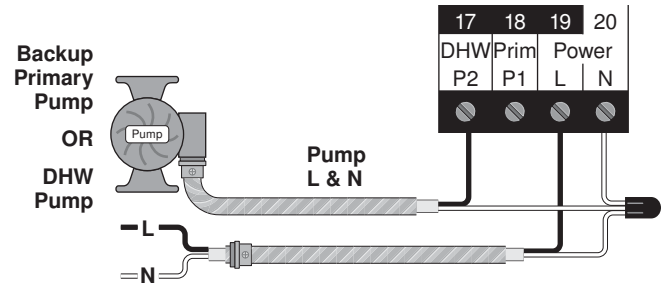
Primary Pump P1

The Prim P1 output on terminal (18) is a powered output. When the relay in the control closes, 115 V (ac) is provided to the Prim P1 terminal (18) from the Power L terminal (19). To operate the primary pump P1, connect one side of the primary pump circuit to terminal (18) and the second side of the pump circuit to the neutral (Power N) side of the 115 V (ac) power supply.



Primary Pump P2

The DHW / P2 output on terminal (17) is a powered output. When the relay in the control closes, 115 V (ac) is provided to the DHW / P2 terminal (17) from the Power L terminal (19). To operate the primary pump P2, connect one side of the primary pump circuit to terminal (17) and the second side of the pump circuit to the neutral (Power N) side of the 115 V (ac) power supply.



Non-Powered Output Connections

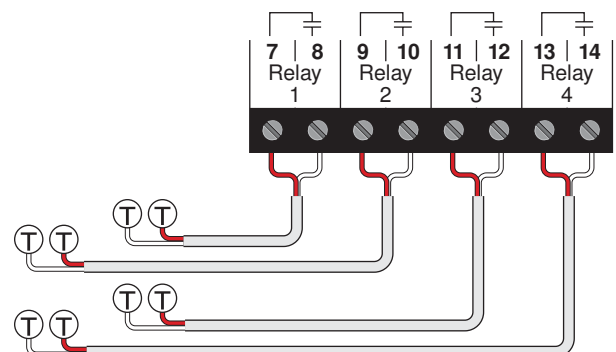
Terminals 7 - 22

Wiring the T-T

(RELAY TYPE = Boiler  13/24)

Terminals 7-8, 9-10, 11-12 and 13-14 are dry contacts. No power is available from these terminals. These contacts can be used to either make or break power to a boiler or boiler pump. The boiler must be wired to power as per the manufacturers' directions.

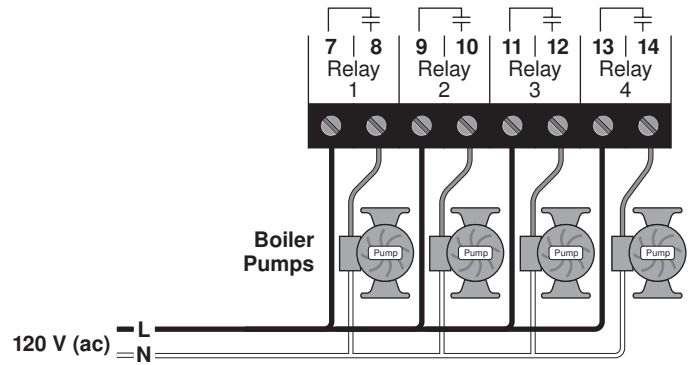
These terminals are typically connected to the boiler's control circuit (commonly labeled as T-T). Connect these terminals directly to the boiler T-T connections.



Wiring the Boiler Pumps

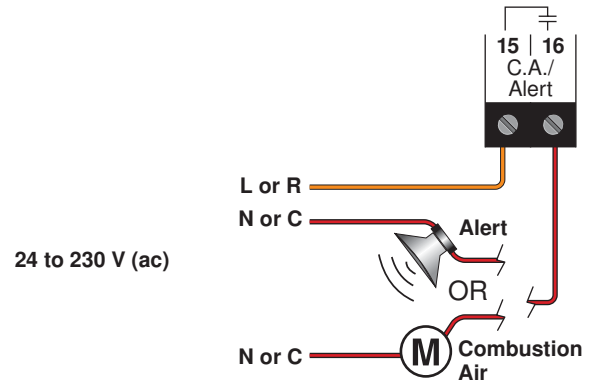
(RELAY TYPE = Boiler pump ^{Boiler} 13/24)

Terminals 7-8, 9-10, 11-12 and 13-14 are dry contacts. No power is available from these terminals. These contacts can be used to turn on individual boiler pumps. Wire line voltage to one side of the relay. The other side of the relay goes to one side of the boiler pump and the remaining side of the boiler pump goes to neutral.



Combustion Air / Alert Contact (C.A./Alert)

Terminals 15 and 16 are an isolated output in the control. There is no power available on these terminals from the control. These terminals are to be used as a switch to either make or break power to the combustion air damper or alert device. Since this is an isolated contact, it may switch a voltage between 24 V (ac) and 230 V (ac).

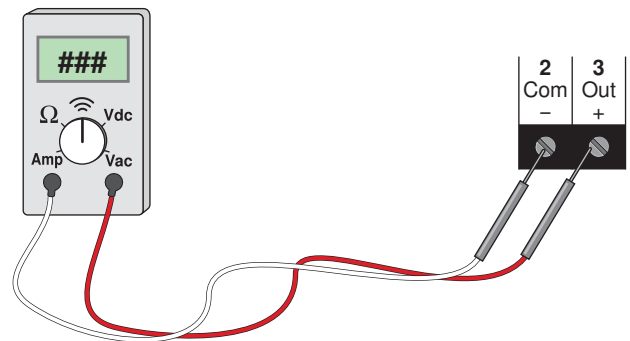


Step Five — Testing the Wiring

General

The following tests are to be performed using standard testing practices and procedures and should only be carried out by properly trained and experienced persons.

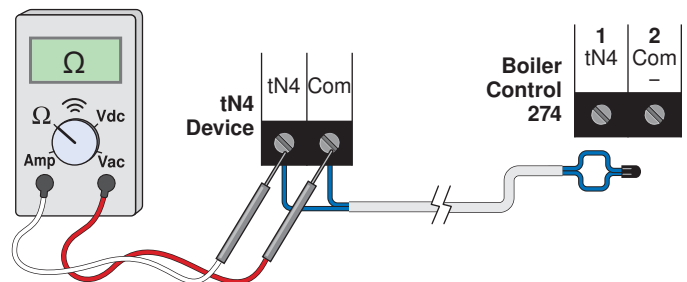
A good quality electrical test meter, capable of reading from at least 0-300 V (ac), 0-30 V (dc), 0-2,000,000 Ohms, and testing for continuity is essential to properly test the wiring and sensors.



Testing tN4 Network

To test the tN4 Network, check the wires for continuity.

1. Disconnect the two wires (tN4 and Com) at one end and connect them together.
2. Go to the other end of the wires and disconnect them.
3. Using an electrical test meter, check for continuity.



Testing the EMS Output

If an Energy Management System is used, measure the voltage (dc) between the Com - and the Out + terminals (2 and 3). When the EMS calls for heat, a voltage between 0 – 10 V (dc) or 2 – 10 V (dc) should be measured at the terminals.

Terminals 1 – 2

Terminals 2 – 3

To test the sensors, the actual temperature at each sensor location must be measured.

- Use a good quality digital thermometer with a surface temperature probe for ease of use and accuracy. Where a digital thermometer is not available, strap a spare sensor alongside the one to be tested and compare the readings.

- Disconnect each sensor from the control.
- Test the sensors resistance according to the instructions in the sensor Data Brochure D 070.

Testing Relay 1 – 4

Terminals 7 – 14

1. Shut off power to the control and the boiler circuit or boiler pump circuit.
2. Remove the bottom cover from the control. Disconnect the wiring from the Relay contacts (terminals 7 – 14).
3. Apply power to the control and press the Test button.
4. Use an electrical test meter and check for continuity between terminals 7-8, 9-10, 11-12 and 13-14.

- If the relay is set to boiler pump:
- When the appropriate boiler pump symbol is displayed in the LCD, there should be continuity.
- When the appropriate boiler pump symbol is not displayed in the LCD, there should be no continuity.
- 5. Reconnect the wires to the Relay contacts, install the bottom cover on the control and reapply power to the boiler circuit or boiler pump circuit.

If the relay is set to boiler ignition:

- When the appropriate boiler symbol is displayed in the LCD, there should be continuity.
- When the appropriate boiler symbol is not displayed in the LCD, there should be no continuity.

Testing C.A. / Alert Relay

Terminals 15 – 16

1. Shut off power to the control and the boiler circuit or boiler pump circuit.
2. Remove the bottom cover from the control. Disconnect the wiring from the C.A. / Alert contact (terminals 15 – 16).
3. Apply power to the control and press the Test button.
4. Use an electrical test meter and check for continuity between terminals 15 – 16.

- When the Combustion Air Damper symbol is not displayed in the LCD, there should be no continuity.

If the relay is set to Alert:

- When the Alert symbol is displayed in the LCD, there should be continuity.
- When the Alert symbol is not displayed in the LCD, there should be no continuity.
- 5. Reconnect the wires to the C.A. / Alert contacts, install the bottom cover on the control and reapply power to the Combustion Air Damper or Alert circuit.

If the relay is set to Combustion Air Damper:

- When the Combustion Air Damper symbol is displayed in the LCD, there should be continuity.

Testing DHW and Primary Pumps

Terminals 17 - 18

1. Remove the front and bottom covers from the control.
2. Press the Test Button.
3. When the Primary Pump 1 symbol is displayed in the LCD, use an electrical test meter to measure the (ac) voltage between the Primary Pump 1 terminal and Neutral (18-20). The reading should be 115 V (ac) + / – 10%.

an electrical test meter to measure the (ac) voltage between the DHW Pump terminal and Neutral (17-20). The reading should be 115 V (ac) + / – 10%.

If Pump Sequencer is enabled:

When the Primary Pump 2 symbol is displayed in the LCD, use an electrical test meter to measure the (ac) voltage between the Primary Pump 2 terminal and Neutral (17-20). The reading should be 115 V (ac) + / – 10%.

If DHW Mode is enabled:

When the DHW Pump symbol is displayed in the LCD, use

Testing the Input Power

Terminals 19 – 20

1. Remove the front and bottom cover from the control.
2. Use an electrical test meter to measure (ac) voltage between the Input Power L and N terminals (19 and 20). The reading should be 115 V (ac) + / – 10% and the LCD should be lit and show some segments.

3. If power is not present and the LCD is off:
 - Check the circuit that supplies power to the Control.
 - Make sure exposed wires and bare terminals are not in contact with other wires or grounded surfaces.

1. Remove the front and bottom cover from the control.
2. Use an electrical test meter to measure (ac) voltage between the Boiler Demand terminals (21-22) or the DHW / Setpoint Demand terminals (23-24) or the Proof Demand terminals (24-25).

- When the demand device is on, a voltage between 20 and 260 V (ac) should be measured between the appropriate demand terminals and the LCD should display an indicator arrow pointing to Boiler Demand, DHW / Setpoint Demand, or Proof Demand.
- When the demand device is off, less than 5 V (ac) should be measured between the terminals.

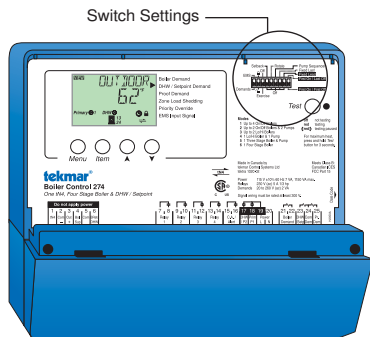
Control Settings

Cleaning the Control

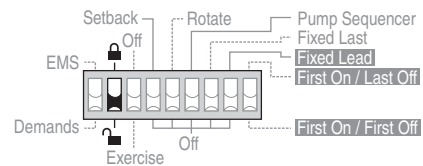
The control's exterior can be cleaned using a damp cloth. Moisten the cloth with water and wring out prior to wiping control. Do not use solvents or cleaning solutions.

DIP Switch Settings

Set the DIP switch settings prior to making adjustments to the control through the user interface. Setting the DIP switches determines which menu items are displayed in the user interface.

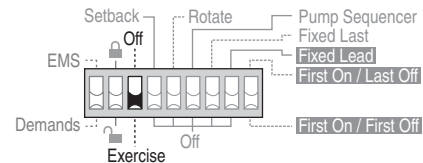


- When the control is locked, a small segment representing a padlock is shown in the bottom right hand corner of the display (except in View and Time Menu)



Off / Exercise

Use the Off / Exercise DIP switch to select whether or not the control is to exercise all pumps, and hydronic zones (zone valves and zone pumps) for 10 seconds every three days of inactivity to prevent seizure.

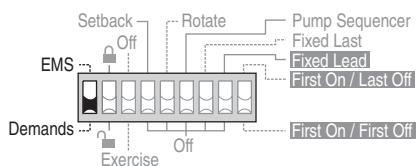


EMS / Demands

The EMS / Demands DIP switch selects whether a tekmar outdoor sensor 070 or an external 0-10 or 2-10 V (dc) input signal is to be connected to the Com - and Out + terminals (2 & 3).

Set the EMS / Demands DIP switch to EMS if an Energy Management System is providing an external analog input signal to the control.

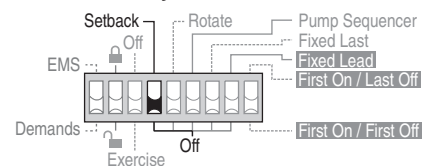
Set the EMS / Demands DIP switch to Demands if the control is accepting a boiler demand and using the outdoor sensor for outdoor reset.



Setback / Off

Use the Setback / Off DIP switch to select whether or not the control is to follow a schedule.

- If the 274 is to be a schedule member or schedule master, set the DIP switch to Setback to enable the Time and Schedule menus and the Unocc items in the Adjust menu.
- If the 274 does not follow a schedule, set the DIP switch to Off to disable the Time and Schedule menus and the Unocc items in the Adjust menu.



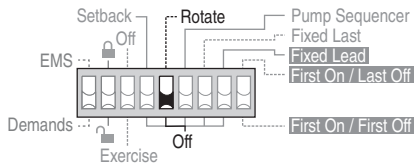
Lock / Unlock

Use this DIP switch to lock and unlock the Access Level of the 274 and all connected tN4 devices, including tN4 thermostats. For details, see "Access Level".

- Once locked, the access level in all devices cannot be viewed or changed.

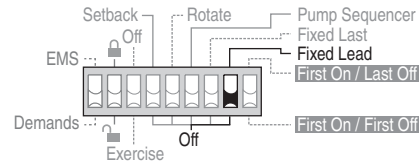
Rotate / Off

Use the Rotate / Off DIP switch to enable the Equal Run Time Rotation feature. This feature Changes the firing order of the boilers in order to maintain a similar amount of running time on each boiler. If set to Off, the firing sequence is fixed starting with boiler 1 to boiler 4.



Fixed Lead / Off

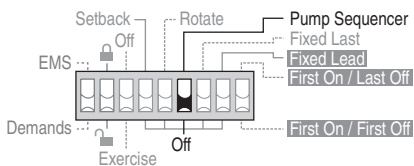
- Use the Fixed Lead / Off DIP switch to exclude the first boiler in the rotation sequence. This DIP is only active when the Rotate / Off DIP is set to Rotate.
- If set to Fixed Lead, the first boiler is always the first to fire.
- Fixed Lead will only work for boilers wired to the Relay 1 terminals (13 and 14).



Pump Sequencer / Off

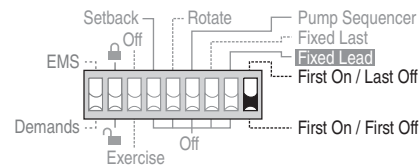
Use the Pump Sequencer / Off DIP switch to activate primary pump sequencing. DHW operation is not available when Pump Sequencer is selected.

- If set to Pump Sequencer, the control operates primary pumps 1 & 2 in stand-by mode.
- If set to Off, the control operates primary pump 1 and the pump 2 relay is then available for a DHW pump.



First On / Last Off or First On / First Off.

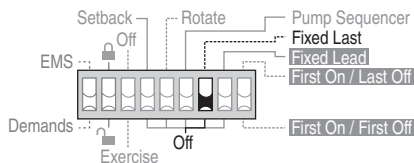
- The First On / Last Off or First On / First Off DIP switch selects whether the first boiler is the first to fire and the last to shut off or the first to fire and the first to shut off. This DIP switch is only active when the Rotate / Off DIP switch is set to Rotate and the Fixed Lead / Off DIP switch is set to Fixed Lead.



Fixed Last / Off

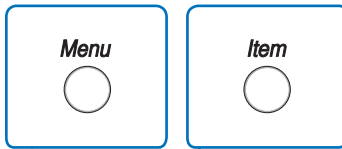
Use the Fixed Last / Off DIP switch to exclude the last boiler in the rotation sequence. This DIP is only active when the Rotate / Off DIP is set to Rotate.

- If set to Fixed Last, the last boiler is always the last to fire.
- Fixed Last will only work for boilers wired to the Relay 4 terminals (19 and 20).



Display Menus

View Menu (1 of 2)



The View menu items display the current operating temperatures and status information of the system.

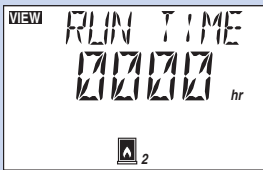


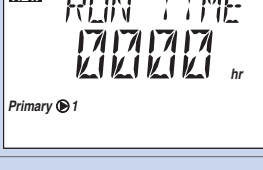
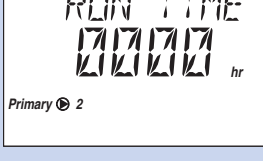
VIEW MENU

Item Field	Range	Access	Description
	-76 to 149°F (-60.0 to 65.0°C)	USER INST ADV	OUTDOOR Current outdoor air temperature as measured by the outdoor sensor. Note: This item is only available when the EMS/ Demands DIP is set to Demands.
	-22 to 266°F (-30.0 to 130.0°C)	USER INST ADV	BOILER SUPPLY Current boiler supply water temperature as measured by the boiler sensor. Note: This item is not available when DHW Mode is set to 6.
	---, 35 to 230°F (---, 1.5 to 110.0°C)	ADV	BOILER TARGET SECTION C The boiler target is the temperature the control is currently trying to maintain at the boiler supply sensor. "---" is displayed when no heat is required. Note: This item is not available when DHW Mode is set to 6.
	---, 35 to 230°F (---, 1.5 to 110.0°C)	ADV	DHW EXCHANGE TARGET SECTION C The DHW exchange target is the temperature the control is currently trying to maintain at the DHW Exchange Supply Sensor. "---" is displayed when no heat is required. Note: This item is only available when DHW Mode is set to 5 or 6.
	-22 to 266°F (-30.0 to 130.0°C)	USER INST ADV	DHW SECTION E Current DHW tank temperature as measured by the DHW sensor. Note: This item is only available if Pump Sequencing DIP is set to Off AND either DHW Sensor is set to On or DHW Mode is set to 6.
	-22 to 266°F (-30.0 to 130.0°C)	ADV	BOILER RETURN Current boiler return water temperature as measured by the boiler return sensor. Note: This item is only available if DHW Sensor is set to Off AND a Boiler Return sensor is present.
	0 to 252°F (-18.0 to 122.5°C)	ADV	BOILER ΔT Current temperature difference between the boiler supply and boiler return sensors. Note: This item is only available if DHW Sensor is set to Off AND a Boiler Return sensor is present.
	0 to 9999 hours	ADV	BOILER 1 RUNNING TIME SECTION C The total running time of Boiler 1 since this item was last cleared. To clear this item, press the Up and Down buttons simultaneously while viewing this item. Note: This item is only available when Boiler 1 is set to Auto.

Continued on next page.

View Menu (2 of 2)

VIEW MENU

Item Field	Range	Access	Description
	0 to 9999 hours	ADV	BOILER 2 RUNNING TIME SECTION C The total running time of Boiler 2 since this item was last cleared. To clear this item, press the Up and Down buttons simultaneously while viewing this item. Note: This item is only available when Boiler 2 is set to Auto.
	0 to 9999 hours	ADV	BOILER 3 RUNNING TIME SECTION C The total running time of Boiler 3 since this item was last cleared. To clear this item, press the Up and Down buttons simultaneously while viewing this item. Note: This item is only available when Boiler 3 is set to Auto.
	0 to 9999 hours	ADV	BOILER 4 RUNNING TIME SECTION C The total running time of Boiler 4 since this item was last cleared. To clear this item, press the Up and Down buttons simultaneously while viewing this item. Note: This item is only available when Boiler 4 is set to Auto.
	0 to 9999 hours	ADV	PRIMARY PUMP 1 RUNNING TIME SECTION H The total running time of Pump 1 since this item was last cleared. To clear this item, press the Up and Down buttons simultaneously while viewing this item.
	0 to 9999 hours	ADV	PUMP 2 RUNNING TIME SECTION H The total running time of Pump 2 since this item was last cleared. To clear this item, press the Up and Down buttons simultaneously while viewing this item. Note: This item is only available when the DIP Switch is set to Pump Sequencer.

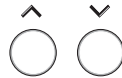
After the last item, the control returns to the first item in the menu.

Adjust Menu (1 of 6)

Menu



Item



The Adjust Menu items are the programmable settings used to operate the mechanical equipment.

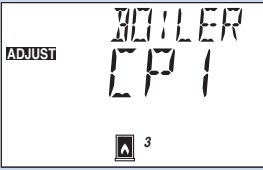
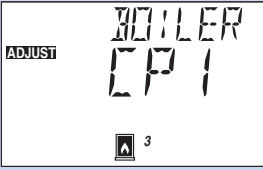
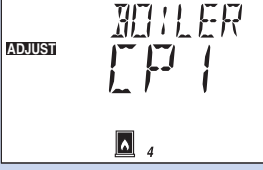
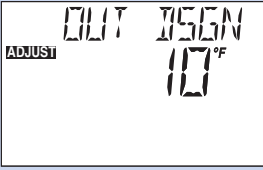
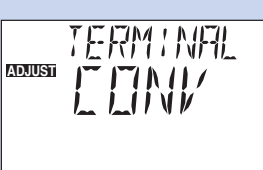
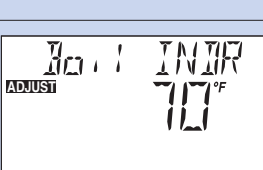
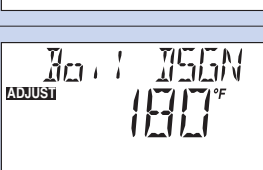
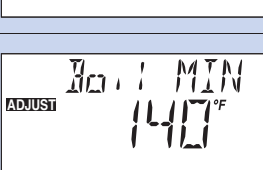
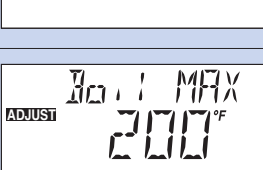
ADJUST MENU

Item Field	Range	Access	Description	Actual Setting
	1 (4 On/Off) 2 (2 On/Off & Pumps) 3 (2 Lo/Hi) 4 (Lo/Hi & Pump) 5 (Three Stage & Pump) 6 (Four Stage)	ADV	MODE SECTION C Selects the control mode of operation.	
	35 to 100°F (2.0 to 38.0°C) Default = 70°F (21.0°C)	INST ADV	ROOM OCCUPIED SECTION B The desired room air temperature during the occupied period. Note: This item is only available when DIP is set to Demands AND OUT DSGN is set between -60 to 45°F.	
	35 to 100°F (2.0 to 38.0°C) Default = 70°F (21.0°C)	INST ADV	ROOM UNOCCUPIED SECTION B The desired room air temperature during the unoccupied period. Note: This item is only available when DIP is set to Demands AND OUT DSGN is set between -60 to 45°F.	
	0-10, 2-10 Default = 0-10	ADV	EMS SIGNAL SECTION G Selects the range of the Energy Management System input signal. Note: This item is only available when DIP set to EMS.	
	-10 to 10°F (-5.6 to 5.6°C) Default = 0°F (°C)	ADV	OFFSET SECTION G Selects the range of the Energy Management System input signal. Note: This item is only available when DIP set to EMS.	
	OFF, 0:20 to 8:00 hr (5 minute increments) Default = OFF)	ADV	BOOST SECTION L The maximum amount of morning boost when changing from the unoccupied to the occupied period. Note: This item is only available when DIP is set to Demands AND DIP is set to Setback.	
	Au (Auto), OFF Default = Au	INST ADV	BOILER 1 SECTION C Selects Whether Boiler 1 is operational or not.	

Continued on next page.

Adjust Menu (2 of 6)

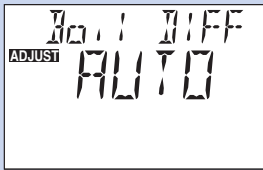
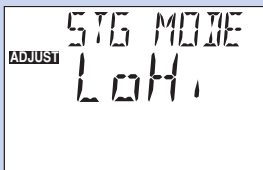

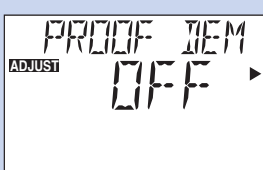
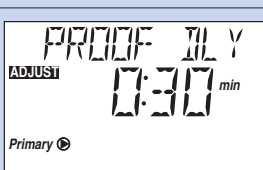
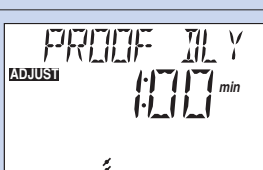
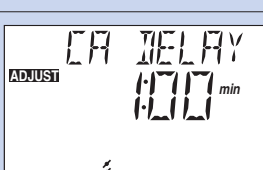
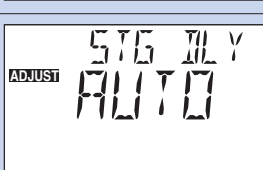
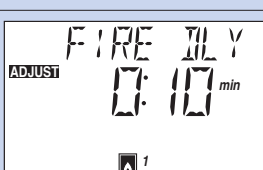
ADJUST MENU

Item Field	Range	Access	Description	Actual Setting
	CP1, Au (Auto), OFF Default = Au	INST ADV	BOILER 2 SECTION C Selects Whether Boiler 2 is operational or not. CP1 copies the settings of boiler 1 to boiler 2.	
	CP1, Au (Auto), OFF Default = Au	INST ADV	BOILER 3 SECTION C Selects whether Boiler 3 is operational or not. CP1 copies the settings of boiler 1 to boiler 3.	
	CP1, Au (Auto), OFF Default = Au	INST ADV	BOILER 4 SECTION C Selects whether Boiler 4 is operational or not. CP1 copies the settings of boiler 1 to boiler 4.	
	OFF, -60 to 45°F (OFF, -51 to 7.0°C) Default = 10°F (-12°C)	INST ADV	OUTDOOR DESIGN SECTION B The design outdoor air temperature used in the heat loss calculations for the heating system. Typically set to the outdoor temperature of the coldest day of the year.	
	HRF1 HRF2 COIL CONV RAD BASE Default = CONV	INST ADV	TERMINAL SECTION B The type of heating terminal units that are being used. Note: This item is only available when the DIP is set to Demands AND OUT DSGN is set between -60 to 45°F.	
	35 to 100°F (2.0 to 38.0°C) Default = 70°F (21.0°C)	ADV	BOILER INDOOR SECTION B The design indoor air temperature used in the heat loss calculation for the boiler zones. Typically set to 70°F (21.0°C). Note: This item is only available when the DIP is set to Demands AND OUT DSGN is set between -60 to 45°F.	
	70 to 220°F (21.0 to 104.5°C) Default = 180°F (82.0°C)	ADV	BOILER DESIGN SECTION B The supply water temperature required for boiler zones on the typical coldest day of the year. Note: This item is only available when the DIP is set to Demands AND OUT DSGN is set between -60 to 45°F.	
	OFF, 80 to 180°F (OFF, 26.5 to 82.0°C) Default = 140°F (60.0°C)	ADV	BOIL MINIMUM SECTION C The minimum allowed boiler target temperature and boiler return protection temperature. Check the boiler manufacturer's manual for recommend supply water temperatures.	
	90 to 225°F, OFF (32.0 to 107.0°C, OFF) Default = 200°F (93.5°C)	ADV	BOILER MAXIMUM SECTION C The maximum allowed boiler target temperature.	

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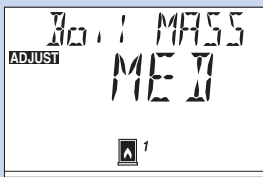
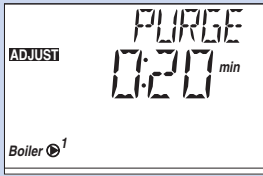

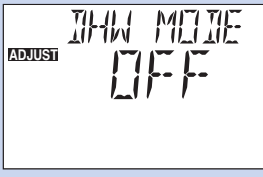
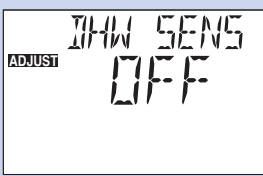
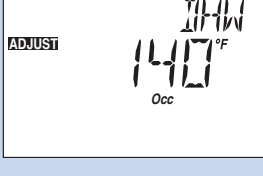
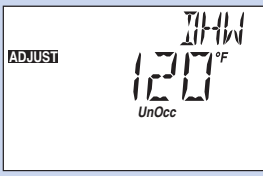
Adjust Menu (3 of 6)

ADJUST MENU

Item Field	Range	Access	Description	Actual Setting
	Au (Auto), 2 to 42°F (Au, 1 to 23.5°C) Default = Au	ADV	BOILER DIFFERENTIAL SECTION C The temperature differential that the control is to use to cycle the boiler On and Off (half above and half below target).	
	LoHi or LoLo Default = LoHi	ADV	BOILER STAGE MODE SECTION C Selects the firing sequence of the stages when using multi-stage boilers. Note: Only available in Mode 3.	
	DMPR 'Damper', ALRT 'Alert' Default = DMPR	ADV	RELAY SECTION D Selects the operation of the relay to be either combustion air or alert.	
	OFF, Flow Proof (FP), Combustion Air (CA) Default = OFF	ADV	PROOF DEMAND SECTION D Selects the operation of the Proof Demand to be either off, flow proof, or combustion air damper. Note: C.A. only available if RELAY is set to DMPR.	
	0:10 to 3:00 minutes Default = 0:30 (pump)	ADV	PUMP PROOF DEMAND DELAY SECTION D The time allowed for the control to receive a proof demand once the primary pump turns on. Note: Only available when PROOF DEMAND is set to F P.	
	0:10 to 3:00 minutes Default = 1:00 (damper)	ADV	CA PROOF DEMAND DELAY SECTION D The time allowed for the control to receive a proof demand once the C.A. contact turns on. Note: Only available if RELAY is set to DMPR AND Proof Demand is set to C A.	
	0:00 to 3:00 minutes Default = 1:00	ADV	DAMPER DELAY SECTION D The time delay for the boiler to operate once the combustion air damper relay closes. Note: Only available if RELAY is set to DMPR AND Proof Demand is set to OFF or FP.	
	Au (Auto), 0:30 to 40:00 minutes Default = Au	ADV	STAGE DELAY SECTION C The minimum delay between the operation of stages. Note: This item is only available when at least two boilers are set to Au.	
	0:00 to 3:00 minutes Default = 0:10	ADV	BOILER 1 FIRE DELAY SECTION C Delay from turn-on of ignition until the burner fires. Note: This item is only available when Boiler 1 is set to Au.	

Continued on next page.

Adjust Menu (4 of 6)

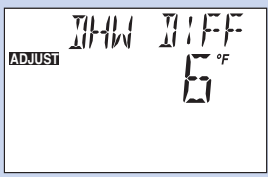
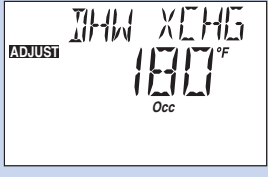
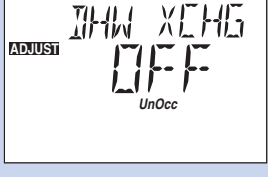
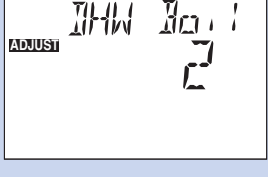
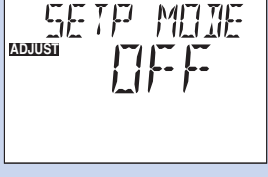
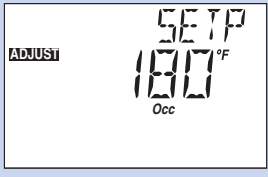
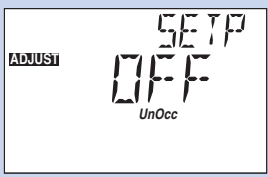
Item Field	Range	Access	Description	Actual Setting
	Lo, Med, Hi Default = Med	INST ADV	BOILER 1 MASS SECTION C The thermal mass characteristics of the boiler. Note: This item is only available when Boiler 1 is set to Au.	
	OFF, 0:10 to 19:55 minutes Default = 0:20 min	ADV	BOILER PUMP 1 PURGE SECTION H The time the boiler pump remains on once the boiler is turned off. Note: This item is only available when Boiler 1 = Au and Boiler 1 Relay = 'Pump' and Mode = 2, 4 or 5.	
Note: The previous 2 menu items will repeat for up to four boilers that are set to Au.				
	AUTO, 5 to 30 minutes Default = Auto	ADV	CYCLE LENGTH SECTION M The cycle length to which all tN4 devices will synchronize. Note: This item is only available when a tN4 device is present.	
	OFF, 1 (parallel, no priority) 2 (parallel, priority) 3 (pri-sec, no priority) 4 (pri-sec, priority) 5 (parallel with last boiler, priority) 6 (dedicated DHW) Default = OFF	ADV	DHW MODE SECTION E This determines the operation of the primary pump in combination with the DHW pump and whether or not DHW priority is required. Note: This item is only available when the Pump Sequencing DIP is set to Off. DHW Mode 5 is only available if Mode = 2.	
	OFF, ON Default = OFF	ADV	DHW SENSOR SECTION E Selects if a DHW sensor is to be used for DHW generation. Note: This item is only available when the Pump Sequencing DIP is to Off AND DHW Mode is set to either 1, 2, 3 or 4.	
	OFF, 70 to 190°F (OFF, 21.0 to 87.5°C) Default = 140°F (60.0°C)	INST ADV	DHW OCCUPIED SECTION E The temperature of the DHW tank during the Wake and Occupied periods. Note: This item is only available when the DHW Mode is set to either 1, 2, 3, 4 or 6 AND the DHW Sensor is set to On AND the Pump Sequencing DIP is set to Off.	
	OFF, 70 to 190°F (OFF, 21.0 to 87.5°C) Default = 120°F (49.0°C)	ADV	DHW UNOCCUPIED SECTION E The temperature of the DHW tank during the Sleep and Unoccupied periods. Note: This item is only available when the DHW Mode is set to either 1, 2, 3, 4 or 6 AND the DHW Sensor is set to On AND the Pump Sequencing DIP is set to Off, AND the Setback DIP = Setback.	

ADJUST MENU

Continued on next page.

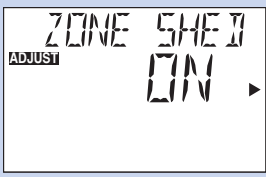
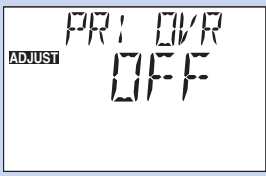
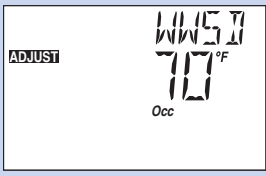
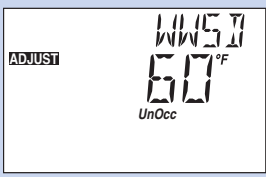
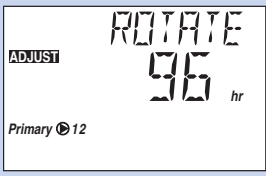
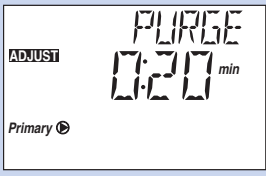
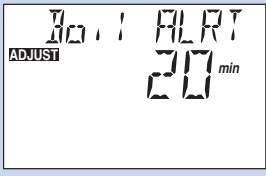
Adjust Menu (5 of 6)

ADJUST MENU

Item Field	Range	Access	Description	Actual Setting
	1 to 42°F (0.5 to 23.5°C) Default = 6°F (3.0°C)	ADV	DHW DIFFERENTIAL SECTION E The temperature differential (swing up and down) of the DHW tank from the DHW setting. <i>Note:</i> This item is only available when DHW Mode is set to either 1, 2, 3, 4 or 6 AND the DHW Sensor is set to On, AND the Pump Sequencing DIP is set to Off.	
	OFF, 100 to 220°F (38.0 to 104.5°C) Default = 180°F (82.0°C)	ADV	DHW EXCHANGE OCCUPIED SECTION E The boiler supply temperature to the DHW heat exchanger during the Occupied and Wake periods. <i>Note:</i> This item is only available when DHW Mode is set to 1,2,3,4 or 5, AND the DHW Sensor is set to OFF, AND the Pump Sequencing DIP is set to OFF.	
	OFF, On Default = OFF	ADV	DHW EXCHANGE UNOCCUPIED SECTION E Selects whether the control should respond to DHW Demands during the Sleep and Unoccupied periods. <i>Note:</i> This item is only available when DHW Mode is set to 1,2,3,4 or 5, AND the DHW Sensor is set to OFF, AND the Pump Sequencing DIP is set to OFF AND the Setback DIP is set to Setback.	
	1, 2, 3, 4 Default = 2	ADV	DHW BOILER SECTION E The number of boilers used for indirect DHW generation. <i>Note:</i> This item is only available when DHW Mode is set to either 1,2,3,or 4 AND the Pump Sequencing DIP is set to Off.	
	OFF, 1 (parallel, no priority) 2 (parallel, priority) 3 (pri-sec, no priority) 4 (pri-sec, priority) Default = 1)	ADV	SETP MODE SECTION F Selects the Setpoint mode of operation. This determines the operation of the primary pump and whether or not priority is required. <i>Note:</i> This item is only available when DHW Mode is set to OFF.	
	OFF, 60 to 220°F (15.5 to 104.5°C) Default = 180°F (82°C)	ADV	SETP POINT OCCUPIED SECTION F The minimum boiler target temperature when a Setpoint Demand is present during the Wake and Occupied periods. <i>Note:</i> This item is only available when DHW Mode is set to OFF.	
	OFF, ON Default = OFF	ADV	SETP POINT UNOCCUPIED SECTION F Selects whether the control should respond to Setpoint demands while in unoccupied mode. <i>Note:</i> This item is only available when DHW Mode is set to OFF, and Setback DIP is set to On.	

Continued on next page.

Adjust Menu (6 of 6)

Item Field	Range	Access	Description	Actual Setting
 <p>ADJUST ZONE SHEDD ON</p>	<p>OFF, On Default = On</p>	<p>ADV</p>	<p>ZONE LOAD SHEDDING SECTION M Selects whether Zone Load Shedding is active or not. Note: This item is only available when a tN4 device is present and Boil Min is set between 80 to 180°F (26.5 to 82.0°C).</p>	
 <p>ADJUST PRI OVR OFF</p>	<p>OFF, AUTO, 0:20 to 4:00 hours Default = OFF</p>	<p>ADV</p>	<p>PRIORITY OVERRIDE SECTION E & F The amount of time priority is given for DHW or Setpoint operation before space heating resumes. Note: This item is only available when DHW Mode is set to either 2,4,or 5, OR Setpoint mode is set to either 2,or 4.</p>	
 <p>ADJUST WWSD 70 Occ</p>	<p>35 to 100°F, OFF (2.0 to 38.0°C, OFF) Default = 70°F (21.0°C)</p>	<p>INST ADV</p>	<p>WWSD OCCUPIED SECTION B The system's warm weather shut down temperature during the Wake and Occupied periods. The WWSD applies to the space heating loads only. It does not affect DHW or Setpoint heating loads. Note: This item is only available when the DIP is set to Demands.</p>	
 <p>ADJUST WWSD 60 UnOcc</p>	<p>35 to 100°F, OFF (2.0 to 38.0°C, OFF) Default = 60°F (15.5°C)</p>	<p>ADV</p>	<p>WWSD UNOCCUPIED SECTION B The system's warm weather shut down temperature during the Sleep and Unoccupied period. Note: This item is only available when the DIP is set Demands and the DIP is set to Setback.</p>	
 <p>ADJUST ROTATE 96 hr Primary 12</p>	<p>12 to 180 hours, OFF Default = 96 hours</p>	<p>ADV</p>	<p>ROTATE PRIMARY PUMPS SECTION H Sets the frequency of rotation of the primary pumps. Note: This item is only available when the DIP is set to Pump Sequencer.</p>	
 <p>ADJUST PURGE 0:20 min Primary</p>	<p>OFF, 0:10 to 19:55 minutes Default = 0:20 min</p>	<p>ADV</p>	<p>PURGE PRIMARY PUMP SECTION H Time the primary pump remains on once the demand is removed to purge heat from the boiler.</p>	
 <p>ADJUST Boil ALRT 20 min</p>	<p>OFF, 3 to 40 minutes Default = 20 minutes</p>	<p>ADV</p>	<p>BOILER ALERT SECTION D Alert signal if boiler supply does not increase in temperature within the selected time. Note: This item is only available when RELAY is set to ALRT.</p>	

ADJUST MENU

After the last item, the control returns to the first item in the menu.

Time Menu (1 of 2)

Note: The Setback / Off switch setting must be in the Setback position in order to have access to the TIME menu.





TIME MENU

Item Field	Range	Access	Description
	Default = MONDAY 12:00 AM	USER INST ADV	CURRENT TIME AND DAY SECTION J Displays the current time and day of the week. The time and date flash if the time is not set.
	Default = JAN 01 2005	USER INST ADV	CURRENT DATE SECTION J Display the current month, day, and year. Use this date to determine daylight savings time. Note: This item is only available when Daylight Savings Time (DST) is set to On.
	12:00 to :59 Default = 12:00 AM	USER INST ADV	CLOCK MINUTES SECTION J Set the minutes.
	12:00 AM to 11:59 PM or 00:00 to 23:59 Default = 12:00 AM	USER INST ADV	CLOCK HOURS SECTION J Set the hours.
	SUNDAY ... WEDNESDAY ... SATURDAY Default = SUNDAY	USER INST ADV	DAY OF THE WEEK SECTION J Set the day of the week.
	OFF, DST1, DST2 Default = OFF	INST ADV	DAYLIGHT SAVINGS TIME SECTION J Selects whether to use Daylight Savings Time. The time is automatically adjusted if set to Mode 1 or 2. Note: See page 17 for a description of DST Modes.
	JAN, FEB, MAR ... DEC Default = JAN	INST ADV	MONTH SECTION J Set the current month of the year. Note: This item is only available when Daylight Savings Time is set to Mode 1 or 2.
	01 ... 31 (number of days is dependent on month) Default = 01	INST ADV	DAY OF THE MONTH SECTION J Set the day of the month. Note: This item is only available when Daylight Savings Time is set to Mode 1 or 2.

Continued on next page.

Time Menu (2 of 2)


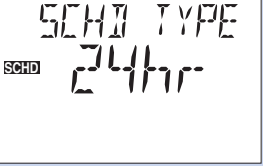
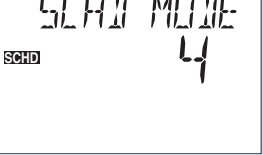
Item Field	Range	Access	Description
	2000 ... 2255 Default = 2005	INST ADV	YEAR SECTION J Set the current year. Note: This item is only available when Daylight Savings Time is set to Mode 1 or 2.
	12 hr OR 24 hr Default = 12 hr	INST ADV	MODE SECTION J Select whether time should be displayed using a 12 or a 24 hour clock.

After the last item, the control returns to the first item in the menu.

Schedule Menu (1 of 3)

Note: The Setback / Off switch setting must be in the Setback position in order to have access to the SCHEDULE menu.

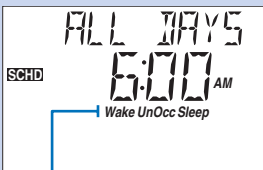
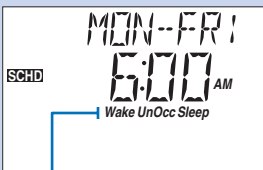
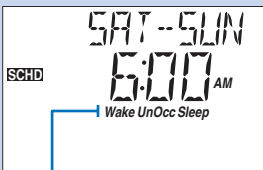
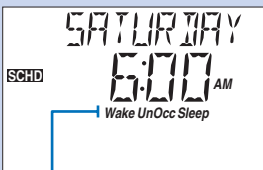
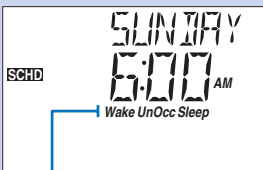


Item Field	Range	Access	Description
	NONE, CTRL, MST1, MST2, MST3, MST4, MBR1, MBR2, MBR3, MBR4 Default = NONE	USER INST ADV	HEAT SCHEDULE SECTION K If a schedule is not required, select NONE. If the schedule is only used by this control, select CTRL. If the schedule is shared with other tN4 devices, select MST1 to MST4. If the schedule is set on another tN4 device, select MBR1 to MBR4. Note: This item is only available if the Setback DIP is set to On and a tN4 device is present.
	24 hr, 5-11, 5-2, 7DAY Default = 24 hr	USER INST ADV	SCHEDULE TYPE SECTION K Select the type of schedule. Note: This item is only available when the Heat Schedule is set to MST1 through MST4 AND the Setback DIP is set to On.
	2 (Occ, UnOcc), 4 (Wake, UnOcc, Occ, Sleep) Default = 4	USER INST ADV	SCHEDULE MODE SECTION K Select the number of events per day. Note: This item is only available when the Heat Schedule is set to CTRL, or MST1 through MST4 AND the Setback DIP is set to On.

Continued on next page.

Schedule Menu (2 of 3)

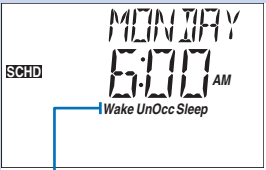
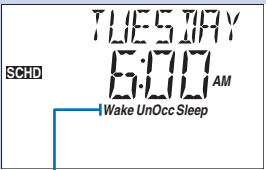
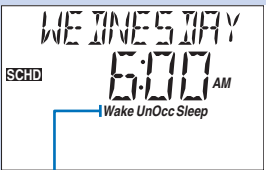
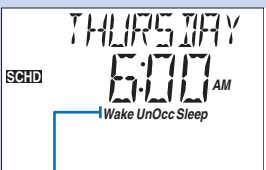
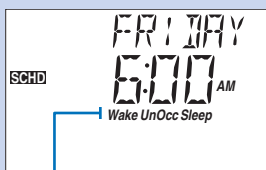
SCHEDULE MENU

Item Field	Range	Access	Description
	--:-- to 11:50 PM or --:-- to 23:50	USER INST ADV	ALL DAYS OF THE WEEK SECTION K Select the times for the scheduled events. Note: This item is only available when the Heat Schedule is set to CTRL or MST1 to MST4 AND the Setback DIP is set to On AND the Schedule Type is set to 24 hr.
Wake	Default = 6:00 AM		
UnOccupied	Default = 8:00 AM		
Occupied	Default = 6:00 PM		
Sleep	Default = 10:00 PM		
	--:-- to 11:50 PM or --:-- to 23:50	USER INST ADV	MONDAY THROUGH FRIDAY SECTION K Select the times for the scheduled events. Note: This item is only available when the Heat Schedule is set to CTRL or MST1 to MST4 AND the Setback DIP is set to On AND the Schedule Type is set to 5-2 or 5-11.
Wake	Default = 6:00 AM		
UnOccupied	Default = 8:00 AM		
Occupied	Default = 6:00 PM		
Sleep	Default = 10:00 PM		
	--:-- to 11:50 PM or --:-- to 23:50	USER INST ADV	SATURDAY AND SUNDAY SECTION K Select the times for the scheduled events. Note: This item is only available when the Heat Schedule is set to CTRL or MST1 to MST4 AND the Setback DIP is set to On AND the Schedule Type is set to 5-2.
Wake	Default = 6:00 AM		
UnOccupied	Default = 8:00 AM		
Occupied	Default = 6:00 PM		
Sleep	Default = 10:00 PM		
	--:-- to 11:50 PM or --:-- to 23:50	USER INST ADV	SATURDAY SECTION K Select the times for the scheduled events. Note: This item is only available when the Heat Schedule is set to CTRL or MST1 to MST4 AND the Setback DIP is set to On AND the Schedule Type is set to 5-11 or 7 Day.
Wake	Default = 6:00 AM		
UnOccupied	Default = 8:00 AM		
Occupied	Default = 6:00 PM		
Sleep	Default = 10:00 PM		
	--:-- to 11:50 PM or --:-- to 23:50	USER INST ADV	SUNDAY SECTION K Select the times for the scheduled events. Note: This item is only available when the Heat Schedule is set to CTRL or MST1 to MST4 AND the Setback DIP is set to On AND the Schedule Type is set to 5-11 or 7 Day.
Wake	Default = 6:00 AM		
UnOccupied	Default = 8:00 AM		
Occupied	Default = 6:00 PM		
Sleep	Default = 10:00 PM		

Continued on next page.

Schedule Menu (3 of 3)

SCHEDULE MENU

Item Field	Range	Access	Description
	--:-- to 11:50 PM or --:-- to 23:50	USER INST ADV	MONDAY SECTION K Select the times for the scheduled events. Note: This item is only available when the Heat Schedule is set to CTRL or MST1 to MST4 AND the Setback DIP is set On AND the Schedule Type is set to 7 Day.
Wake	Default = 6:00 AM		
UnOccupied	Default = 8:00 AM		
Occupied	Default = 6:00 PM		
Sleep	Default = 10:00 PM		
	--:-- to 11:50 PM or --:-- to 23:50	USER INST ADV	TUESDAY SECTION K Select the times for the scheduled events. Note: This item is only available when the Heat Schedule is set to CTRL or MST1 to MST4 AND the Setback DIP is set On AND the Schedule Type is set to 7 Day.
Wake	Default = 6:00 AM		
UnOccupied	Default = 8:00 AM		
Occupied	Default = 6:00 PM		
Sleep	Default = 10:00 PM		
	--:-- to 11:50 PM or --:-- to 23:50	USER INST ADV	WEDNESDAY SECTION K Select the times for the scheduled events. Note: This item is only available when the Heat Schedule is set to CTRL or MST1 to MST4 AND the Setback DIP is set On AND the Schedule Type is set to 7 Day.
Wake	Default = 6:00 AM		
UnOccupied	Default = 8:00 AM		
Occupied	Default = 6:00 PM		
Sleep	Default = 10:00 PM		
	--:-- to 11:50 PM or --:-- to 23:50	USER INST ADV	THURSDAY SECTION K Select the times for the scheduled events. Note: This item is only available when the Heat Schedule is set to CTRL or MST1 to MST4 AND the Setback DIP is set On AND the Schedule Type is set to 7 Day.
Wake	Default = 6:00 AM		
UnOccupied	Default = 8:00 AM		
Occupied	Default = 6:00 PM		
Sleep	Default = 10:00 PM		
	--:-- to 11:50 PM or --:-- to 23:50	USER INST ADV	FRIDAY SECTION K Select the times for the scheduled events. Note: This item is only available when the Heat Schedule is set to CTRL or MST1 to MST4 AND the Setback DIP is set On AND the Schedule Type is set to 7 Day.
Wake	Default = 6:00 AM		
UnOccupied	Default = 8:00 AM		
Occupied	Default = 6:00 PM		
Sleep	Default = 10:00 PM		

After the last item, the control returns to the first item in the menu.

Misc (Miscellaneous) Menu (1 of 1)



MISC MENU

Item Field	Range	Access	Description
	USER, INST, ADV Default = INST	USER INST ADV	ACCESS LEVEL PAGE 4 The access level of the control. The access column shows which items are visible in each access level. Note: This item is only available when the Lock / Unlock DIP switch on the control is set to Unlock.
	°F, °C Default = °F	USER INST ADV	UNITS Select Fahrenheit or Celsius as the temperature units.
	1 to 24	ADV	NUMBER OF DEVICES SECTION M Number of tN4 devices connected to this tN4 bus.
	OFF, SEL Default = OFF	ADV	DEFAULT Press and hold the up and down buttons for 1 second to display DEFAULT SEL and load the default settings.
	274, Software Version	USER INST ADV	TYPE Product number of this control. Hold the Up button to view the software version.

• After the last item, the control returns to the first item in the menu.

Testing the Control

The control has a built-in test routine that tests the main control functions. The control continually monitors the sensors and displays an error message whenever a fault is found. The individual outputs and relays are tested using a test sequence.

Test Sequence

Each step in the test sequence lasts 10 seconds.

- Start the test sequence by pressing the Test button.
- Pause the test sequence by pressing the Test button again. To advance to the next step, press the Test button again.
- If the test sequence is paused for more than five minutes, the control exits the entire test routine.
- To advance to a particular step, repeatedly press and release the Test button to display the appropriate device.

HAZARD

Access to the Test button requires the removal of the front cover and exposes hazardous voltage while the control is powered. Only trained, qualified and competent personnel should operate the Test button.



Step 1 IF the RELAY item is set to 'Damper' or 'Alert' the C.A. / Alert relay is closed.

IF the RELAY item is set to 'Alert', the C.A. / Alert relay is opened after 10 seconds.

Step 2 The Primary Pump 1 relay is closed.

IF Pump Sequencer DIP = On, the Primary Pump 1 relay is opened after 10 seconds.

IF Pump Sequencer DIP = On

Step 3 The Primary Pump 2 relay is closed.

IF Boiler 1 = Auto

(repeat for each boiler set to Auto or CP1)

Step 4 If mode indicates that a boiler pump is used, the boiler pump is turned on and remains on. Next, the first stage of the boiler is turned on and remains on. If a second stage is present, the second stage is turned on and remains on. If a third stage is present, the third stage is turned on and remains on. If a fourth stage is present, the fourth stage is turned on and remains on. After ten seconds all stages and the boiler pump are turned off.

- Step 7** The DHW relay is closed.
The C.A. / Alert relay is opened.
The primary pump is turned off.
The control exits the test sequence.

If a device fails to operate during the test sequence, refer to the installation section of this brochure to check the operation of the control. If the control works properly, refer to any troubleshooting information supplied by the equipment manufacturer.

Max Heat

The control has a function called Max Heat. As long as there is a demand for heat the control operates in this mode for up to 24 hours or until the Test button is pressed. tN4 devices operate to meet their occupied setting +5°F (3°C) and display the MAX segment to indicate the Max Heat mode. Use this mode to run the circulators during system start-up to purge air from the piping.

- When a boiler demand is present the control targets Boiler Maximum. If Boiler Minimum = Off, the control then targets Boiler Design. This allows the Boiler Maximum setting to be set higher for DHW generation.
- When a DHW demand is present the control targets the lower of Boiler Maximum or DHW Exchange.
- The Boil Maximum setting and DHW Exchange setting are always available in the Adjust Menu when in Max Heat. The Boiler Design setting is also available in the Adjust Menu when in Max Heat and the Boiler Minimum is set to Off.
- DHW priority and WWSD are disabled.

To enable Max Heat:

Press and hold the Test button for more than 3 seconds and less than 6 seconds and the test LED will begin to flash rapidly. MAX HEAT and TEST are displayed on screen. No outputs are turned on until there is a demand for heat present.



To Cancel Max Heat:

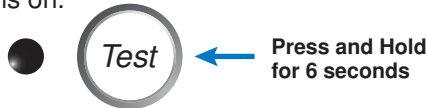
Press the Test button to cancel Max Heat manually or wait 24 hours and the control will automatically leave the Max Heat mode.

Zone Test

In Zone Test mode, each tN4 device can be individually turned on one at a time. The control tests each zone for up to 5 minutes of no button activity. Use this feature to purge air out of each zone and assist in troubleshooting. No items are available in the user interface of the control.

To Enable Zone Test:

1. Press and hold the Test button for more than 6 seconds. The control displays ZONE TEST OFF and the Test LED remains on.



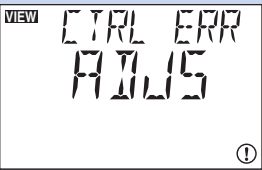
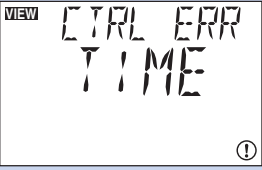
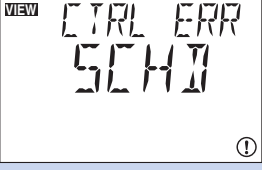
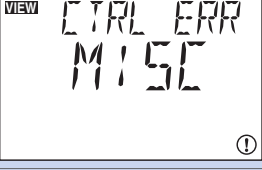
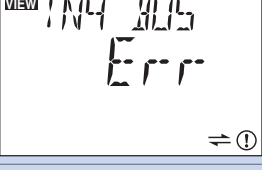
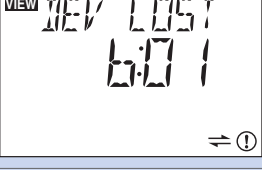

2. Press the Up button to change the display to ZONE TEST ON. After 3 seconds, the boiler and all pumps are shut off.
3. The control operates stage one of the tN4 device with the lowest address number. Device number one (b:01) has the lowest address number and device 24 (b:24) has the highest address number. All other tN4 zones are shut off.

4. Pressing the Up button will turn off stage 1, and turn on stage 2 of the same device (if that device has a second stage) or turn on stage 1 of the device with the next lowest address. The Down button can be pressed to move to a device with a lower address number. The second stage of a two stage zone is indicated with a small 2 in the display.

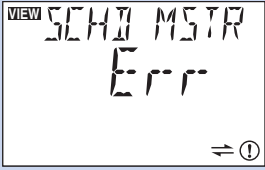
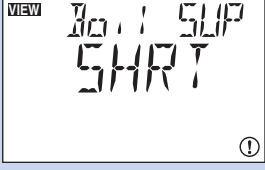
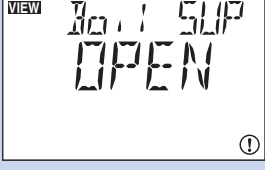
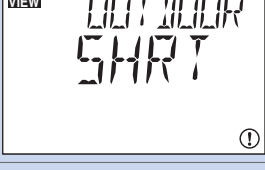

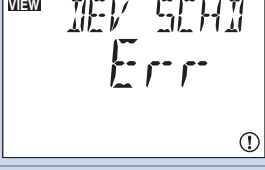
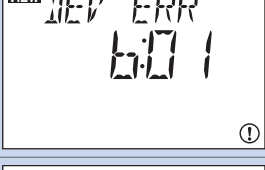
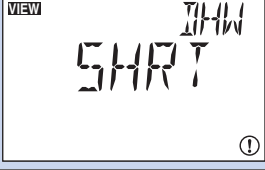
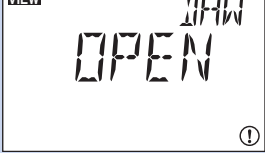
5. The Up and Down buttons can then be used to move through the devices and the heating stages of each device on the boiler bus.

To cancel the Zone Test press the Test button. Once the Zone Test ends or is cancelled, the control resumes normal operation.

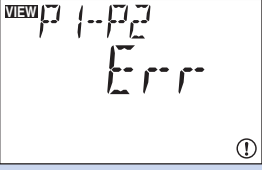
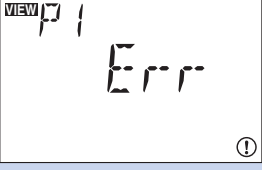
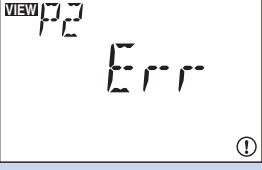
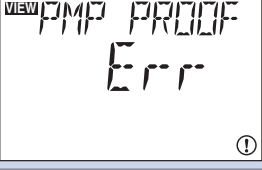
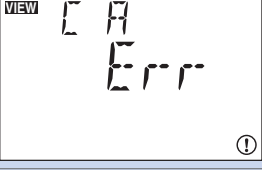
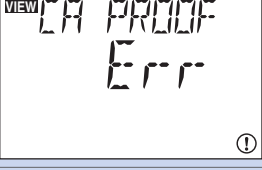
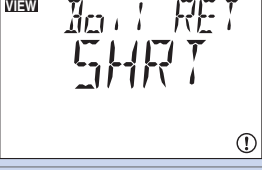
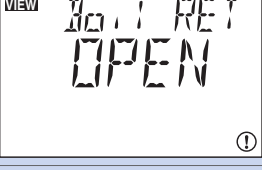
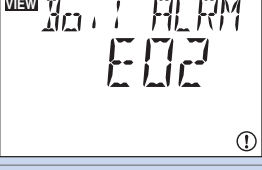
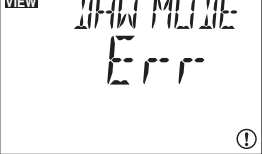
Error Messages (1 of 3)

Error Message	Description
	<p>CONTROL ERROR ADJUST</p> <p>The control failed to read the Adjust Menu settings, and reloaded the factory default settings. Operation stops until you check all the Adjust Menu settings.</p> <p>Note: To clear the error, the access level must be set to Advanced and the settings in the Adjust menu must be checked.</p>
	<p>CONTROL ERROR TIME</p> <p>The control failed to read the Time Menu settings, and reloaded the factory default settings. Operation continues normally.</p> <p>Note: To clear the error, the access level must be set to Advanced and the settings in the Time menu must be checked.</p>
	<p>CONTROL ERROR SCHEDULE</p> <p>The control failed to read the Schedule Menu settings, and reloaded the factory default settings. Operation continues normally.</p> <p>Note: To clear the error, the access level must be set to Advanced and the settings in the Schedule menu must be checked.</p>
	<p>CONTROL ERROR MISCELLANEOUS</p> <p>The control failed to read the Miscellaneous Menu settings, and reloaded the factory default settings. Operation continues normally.</p> <p>Note: To clear the error, the access level must be set to Advanced and the settings in the Miscellaneous menu must be checked.</p>
	<p>TN4 BUS ERROR</p> <p>Communication has been lost on the Boiler Bus due to a short or open circuit. Check the tN4, C and R wires for each tN4 device. Check the polarity of the C and R wires. Check for loose or broken wires. Press and hold the up and down arrow buttons together for 5 seconds to manually clear error.</p>
	<p>DEVICE LOST</p> <p>Communication is lost to a tN4 device on the Boiler Bus. The number shown is the address of the lost device. The LCD on the lost device displays Bus Boil OPn. Ensure that there is power to the lost device. Trace the wires from the control to the lost device looking for loose or damaged wires. The error message self clears when the error condition is corrected.</p> <p>Note: If you deliberately remove a tN4 device, hold the Up and Down buttons to clear the error.</p>
	<p>MASTER DEVICE ERROR</p> <p>More than one tN4 System control has been detected on the tN4 bus. This generally indicates that two tN4 buses are wired together. Check the tN4 bus wiring. The error message clears once the error condition is corrected.</p>

Error Messages (2 of 3)

Error Message	Description
	<p>SCHEDULE MASTER ERROR More than one tN4 device has been assigned the same master number.</p>
	<p>BOILER SUPPLY SENSOR SHORT CIRCUIT Due to a short circuit, the control failed to read the boiler supply sensor. When there is a call for heat, the control no longer controls the boiler(s). Instead, the control provides a boiler enable to the boiler's aquastat or boiler control until the sensor is repaired. The control will not operate the boiler contact if the Boil Minimum setting is less than 100°F (38.0°C). Locate and repair the problem as described in the Data Brochure D 070. The error message self clears once the error condition is corrected.</p>
	<p>BOILER SUPPLY SENSOR OPEN CIRCUIT Due to an open circuit, the control failed to read the boiler supply sensor. The control no longer controls the boiler. Instead, the control provides a boiler enable to the boiler's aquastat or boiler control until the sensor is repaired. The control will not operate the boiler contact if the Boil Minimum setting is less than 100°F (38.0°C). Locate and repair the problem as described in the Data Brochure D 070. The error message self clears once the error condition is corrected Note: If you deliberately remove the boiler supply sensor, power down for 10 seconds then restart the control.</p>
	<p>OUTDOOR SENSOR SHORT CIRCUIT Due to a short circuit, the control failed to read the outdoor sensor. As a result, the control assumes an outdoor temperature of 32°F (0.0°C) and continues operation. Locate and repair the problem as described in the Data Brochure D 070. The error message self clears once the error condition is corrected.</p>
	<p>OUTDOOR SENSOR OPEN CIRCUIT Due to an open circuit, the control failed to read the outdoor sensor. As a result, the control assumes an outdoor temperature of 32°F (0.0°C) and continues operation. Locate and repair the problem as described in the Data Brochure D 070. The error message self clears once the error condition is corrected.</p>
	<p>DEVICE SCHEDULE ERROR The selected system schedule is no longer available. Either the system schedule master is no longer connected to the network or the system schedule number has been changed on the schedule master. The error message self clears once the error condition is corrected.</p>
	<p>DEVICE ERROR AT ADDRESS #:## #:## is the address of the device with the error. The bus number displays before the colon, and the device number display after. Go to the device with the address displayed. Possible Addresses: b:01 to b:24 - Device Error on Boiler Bus</p>
	<p>DHW SHORT CIRCUIT Due to a short circuit, the control failed to read the DHW sensor. As a result, the control no longer heats the DHW tank. Locate and repair the problem as described in the Data Brochure D 070. DHW tank heating will resume once the sensor problem is corrected. The error message self clears once the error condition is corrected.</p>
	<p>DHW OPEN CIRCUIT Due to an open circuit, the control failed to read the DHW sensor. As a result, the control no longer heats the DHW tank. Locate and repair the problem as described in the Data Brochure D 070. DHW tank heating will resume once the sensor problem is corrected. The error message self clears once the error condition is corrected.</p>

Error Messages (3 of 3)

Error Message	Description
	<p>PRIMARY PUMP P1 & P2 FAILURE Both the primary pump P1 and P2 have failed.</p>
	<p>PRIMARY PUMP P1 FAILURE The primary pump P1 has failed. The <i>Prim P1</i> relay closed, but a flow proof demand was not detected before the proof demand delay time elapsed.</p>
	<p>PRIMARY PUMP P2 FAILURE The primary pump P2 has failed. The <i>Prim P2</i> relay closed, but a flow proof demand was not detected before the proof demand delay time elapsed.</p>
	<p>PUMP PROOF DEMAND ERROR The primary pump has been turned off, but the pump proof demand remains after 4 minutes.</p>
	<p>COMBUSTION AIR DAMPER FAILURE The combustion air damper has failed. The C.A. relay closed, but the control did not detect a damper proof demand before the proof demand delay time elapsed.</p>
	<p>DAMPER PROOF DEMAND ERROR The combustion air damper has been turned off, but the damper proof demand remains after 4 minutes.</p>
	<p>BOILER RETURN SENSOR SHORT CIRCUIT Due to an short circuit, the control failed to read the boiler return sensor. The control will continue to operate normally. Locate and repair the problem as described in the Data Brochure D 070. The error message self clears once the error condition is corrected.</p>
	<p>BOILER RETURN SENSOR OPEN CIRCUIT Due to an open circuit, the control failed to read the boiler return sensor. The control will continue to operate normally. Locate and repair the problem as described in the Data Brochure D 070. The error message self clears once the error condition is corrected.</p>
	<p>BOILER ALARM ERROR The boiler supply temperature did not increase within the boiler alarm time. To reset the alarm, press and hold the up and down buttons for 5 seconds while viewing this error message.</p>
	<p>DHW ERROR A DHW sensor and a DHW demand have been applied at the same time. The DHW tank will not be heated until the DHW Demand signal is removed. The error message self clears once the condition is corrected.</p>

Technical Data

Boiler Control 274 One tN4, Four Stage Boiler & DHW / Setpoint

Literature	— D 274, A 274, D 001, D 070
Control	— Microprocessor control; This is not a safety (limit) control — Enclosure A, blue modified PVC plastic
Dimensions	— 6-5/8" H x 7-9/16" W x 2-13/16" D (170 x 193 x 72 mm)
Approvals	— Certified to CSA C22.2 N° 24-93
Ambient conditions	— Indoor use only, 32 to 122°F (0 to 50°C), < 90% RH non-condensing
Power supply	— 115 V (ac) ±10% 50/60 Hz 7 VA, 1150 VA max
Relays	— 230 V (ac) 5 A 1/3 hp
Demands	— 20 to 260 V (ac) 2 VA
Sensors	— NTC thermistor, 10 kΩ @ 77°F (25°C ±0.2°C) β=3892
included:	— Outdoor Sensor 070 and 2 of Universal Sensor 082

Limited Warranty and Product Return Procedure

Limited Warranty *The liability of tekmar under this warranty is limited. The Purchaser, by taking receipt of any tekmar product ("Product"), acknowledges the terms of the Limited Warranty in effect at the time of such Product sale and acknowledges that it has read and understands same.*

The tekmar Limited Warranty to the Purchaser on the Products sold hereunder is a manufacturer's pass-through warranty which the Purchaser is authorized to pass through to its customers. Under the Limited Warranty, each tekmar Product is warranted against defects in workmanship and materials if the Product is installed and used in compliance with tekmar's instructions, ordinary wear and tear excepted. The pass-through warranty period is for a period of twenty-four (24) months from the production date if the Product is not installed during that period, or twelve (12) months from the documented date of installation if installed within twenty-four (24) months from the production date.

The liability of tekmar under the Limited Warranty shall be limited to, at tekmar's sole discretion: the cost of parts and labor provided by tekmar to repair defects in materials and/or workmanship of the defective product; or to the exchange of the defective product for a warranty replacement product; or to the granting of credit limited to the original cost of the defective product, and such repair, exchange or credit shall be the sole remedy available from tekmar, and, without limiting the foregoing in any way, tekmar is not responsible, in contract, tort or strict product liability, for any other losses, costs, expenses, inconveniences, or damages, whether direct, indirect, special, secondary, incidental or consequential, arising from ownership or use of the product, or from defects in workmanship or materials, including any liability for fundamental breach of contract.

The pass-through Limited Warranty applies only to those defective Products returned to tekmar during the warranty period. This Limited Warranty does not cover the cost of the parts or labor to remove or transport the defective Product, or to reinstall the repaired or replacement Product, all such costs and expenses being subject to Purchaser's agreement and warranty with its customers.

Any representations or warranties about the Products made by Purchaser to its customers which are different from or in excess of the tekmar Limited Warranty are the Purchaser's sole responsibility and obligation. Purchaser shall indemnify and hold tekmar harmless from and against any and all claims, liabilities and damages of any kind or nature which arise out of or are related to any such representations or warranties by Purchaser to its customers.

The pass-through Limited Warranty does not apply if the returned Product has been damaged by negligence by persons other than tekmar, accident, fire, Act of God, abuse or misuse; or has been damaged by modifications, alterations or attachments made subsequent to purchase which have not been authorized by tekmar; or if the Product was not installed in compliance with tekmar's instructions and/or the local codes and ordinances; or if due to defective installation of the Product; or if the Product was not used in compliance with tekmar's instructions.

THIS WARRANTY IS IN LIEU OF ALL OTHER WARRANTIES, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, WHICH THE GOVERNING LAW ALLOWS PARTIES TO CONTRACTUALLY EXCLUDE, INCLUDING, WITHOUT LIMITATION, IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, DURABILITY OR DESCRIPTION OF THE PRODUCT, ITS NON-INFRINGEMENT OF ANY RELEVANT PATENTS OR TRADEMARKS, AND ITS COMPLIANCE WITH OR NON-VIOLATION OF ANY APPLICABLE ENVIRONMENTAL, HEALTH OR SAFETY LEGISLATION; THE TERM OF ANY OTHER WARRANTY NOT HEREBY CONTRACTUALLY EXCLUDED IS LIMITED SUCH THAT IT SHALL NOT EXTEND BEYOND TWENTY-FOUR (24) MONTHS FROM THE PRODUCTION DATE, TO THE EXTENT THAT SUCH LIMITATION IS ALLOWED BY THE GOVERNING LAW.

Product Warranty Return Procedure All Products that are believed to have defects in workmanship or materials must be returned, together with a written description of the defect, to the tekmar Representative assigned to the territory in which such Product is located. If tekmar receives an inquiry from someone other than a tekmar Representative, including an inquiry from Purchaser (if not a tekmar Representative) or Purchaser's customers, regarding a potential warranty claim, tekmar's sole obligation shall be to provide the address and other contact information regarding the appropriate Representative.



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